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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
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Statistics show that 7,000 persons are murdered in this country every year and only one murderer in fifty is punished.

In England alone more than 10,000,000 oil lamps are used nightly. They cause 300 deaths annually, and in London alone 167 fires in a single year have been traced to them.

It is estimated that the deciduous fruit of Southern California for this year will reach 10,000 car-loads, valued at $3,000,000, and that the citrus fruit will reach 6900 car-loads, valued at $3,500,000.

In 1770 the proportion of certificated women teachers was 48 in every 100; today it is 66. Similarly, the number of women assistants has risen from 60 to 77 per 100. In 1870 there were 7273 girls and 5569 boy teachers. There are now 21,771 girls and only 6360 boys learning the art of teaching.

A French perfumer has been making tests of California roses and discovered that they possess twenty per cent. more of the volatile oil than the French roses. This means the development of a new industry for California. The French perfume factories of the town of Grasse alone give employment to five thousand persons. It is said that fifty cents per pound is paid for some flowers.

There is a vast region in the south, a coast belt sixty miles wide, on the Gulf and the South Atlantic, and including the whole of Florida, where the salt in the air makes sheep perennially healthy, and the millions of acres of wire-grass make them cost nothing from year's end to year's end. Wire-grass mutton (really made on sweet herbs) is the finest on the continent, according to the Sheep Breeder and Wool Grower.

It is rather remarkable, thinks the New Orleans Picayune, that the birth rate in Washington City, according to the health board statistics, should be lower than the death rate. The reports of the board show that there were in the last twelve years 13,000 more deaths than births. On the average there are seventy-three births to 100 deaths. This is no doubt due to the large colored population, among whom the mortality rate is twice that of the whites per 1000.

One of the earliest telescopic discoveries by Galileo is that Jupiter is attended by four moons; one of the latest, by Professor Barnard, with the huge Lick telescope, is that our largest planetary neighbor has a fifth satellite. The first discovery was received with derision by even the philosophers of the seventeenth century; Professor Barnard's announcement, contrasts the Trenton (N. J.) American, is enthusiastically hailed by the multitude as one of the greatest achievements of the age.

The New York Tribune exclaims: "Potent is the spell which the mystic King of the North holds over the imaginations of adventurous spirits who have been drawn into his ice-bound realm. One of the first declarations made by Lieutenant Peary upon his return to Philadelphia was an expression of eager desire to return to Greenland and to complete his exploration of the north coast. One thing can be said in favor of such expeditions as his. They involve the smallest possible risk to life and very large additions to geographical and scientific knowledge. It is safe to assume that another expedition from the same winter quarters could outline the entire northern coast of Greenland from Cape Bismarck to Lockwook Island in the course of two years."

The commercial importance of the Amazon River is shown by Fanny B. Ward, in a late syndicate letter. With its affluents this river furnishes more than 50,000 miles of navigable water. Its eight principal tributaries are each over 1000 miles long and more than 350 other branches unite to form its main stream. The largest ship that ever was built could sail straight up from its mouth 1000 miles, while for hundreds and hundreds of miles along its lower course are lateral channels, technically called igaripes (canoe paths), in which boats may travel without ever entering the main stream---the bayous of the lower Mississippi Valley duplicated on a greatly enlarged scale. The Amazon basin is more than three times as large as that of the Mississippi, including a vast untrodden forest fully 1500 miles long by 1000 miles broad, whose edges only have been explored by a few adventurous rubber hunters and seekers after tortoise shell, wood, mahogany and other valuable timbers. At its mouth the river is 180 miles from shore to shore and 320 feet deep; at Santaren, the most important interior city of Brazil, it is ten miles wide; away off on the Brazilian frontier it is seventy feet deep, and 2800 miles above the sea it is almost a mile across.

Light Will Break Tomorrow.

What though our skies be overcast
And clouds of trouble lower?
Though disappointments crowding fast,
Seem life's ungrateful dower?
Though trials throng upon our way,
Shall we succum to sorrow?
No! Let us gather hope, and say,
The light will break tomorrow!

Though fickle Fortune hides her face,
Our brave endeavors scorning,
And robs us of some promised grace
Without a moment's warning,
Let us not tremble at her frown,
Nor care and trouble borrow,
But crush our dark forebodings down—
The light will break tomorrow!

Beyond the shadows of the night
The welcome sun is shining,
The clouds that loom upon our sight
Have all a silver lining;
The darkest hour precedes the dawn,
And joy succeeds to sorrow—
The longest night will yet be gone,
And light will break tomorrow!
—[Helen Whitney Clark, in Saturday Night.

EQUAL TO THE TEST.

"Oh, dear, no! Bessie Hunt'll never amount to much of anything. Pretty enough, if any one fancies red hair and eyes that have a yellow glint in them like a tiger's, but that never was my style of beauty! Give me a girl that has something more substantial than mere good looks to fall back on if the time should ever come when it is necessary, instead of a girl who has nothing more than some mouldy classic on the end of her tongue, or some frittery fancy work forever in her fingers!"

"La, sakes, brother," feebly expostulated Mrs. Hunt, "you look as if it were really going to be! I know Bessie is fond of her books and pretty feminine fancies, but I don't blame the girl. I used to like 'em when I was her age! But I know she ain't any more like Jessica or Minerva than they are like her."

Abram Alvey was too deeply engrossed in his subject to heed the quiet sarcasm in the last portion of her response.

"Right, Emily," retorted, quickly, "no more she ain't! Jess or Min could take hold and do for themselves if they should ever have to, but Bessie there—laugh!"

Nobody saw a slender shadow flit across the window near which Abram Alvey sat, neither did they hear the footsteps which approached the open door, then stole swiftly and quietly away. A tall, slender girl, with wavy masses of red-brown hair clustering around a sweet, serious face, out of which shone the wide brown eyes which had in them the "yellow glint" to which Abram Alvey objected.

Unwittingly Bessie Hunt had overheard the whole of their conversation which alluded to her! She had a book in her hand, and as she turned away there was just a suspicion of tears on the long, silken fringe of lashes around the brown eyes, a tremor in the curved, sensitive lips.

"I wonder," she murmured, as she went swiftly down the grass-grown path to her favorite haunt under a clump of graceful, silvery larches, "if I am so very useless? Uncle Alvey certainly thinks so! But," with a sigh, "I never had the strength to do all that Jessie and Minnie might! I wish I had, though!"

Poor child, she did not know, as she uttered this vain wish, that it was literally like grafting the fair, frail orchid blossom on the strong, hardy Northern rose! The harsh remarks that she had overheard rankled deeply in her heart just now.

But "truth is stranger than fiction." Sunny skies and fair promises surrounded Myrtle Farm and its inhabitants at present. There was no fear of casualties in the heart of honest John Hunt, for, as he said, he'd "laid by a considerable pile to use on a rainy day," if the time ever came. But they had no fear of its coming, not they!

But, las for the consistencies of humanity! Down in the progressive town, near the outskirts of which stood Myrtle Farm, once a week John Hunt carried a goodly load of farm produce; there he heard conversations which set him to thinking. Men talked of making a lifetime fortune in some bold speculation; of getting "corners" in grain, buying "low," then selling "high," and, although he did not just understand as clearly as he ought, he would ponder these things as he jolted homeward over the rough country roads, and the more he thought the more fascinated and tempted he became.

At last, one bright morning he started for the market as usual, but beneath his coat, securely wadded into a snug roll into his vest pocket, was a large roll of bills.

He was going to try his luck. It would be such a fine thing for the home folks, he argued to himself, if he happened to come out ahead. No thought of the other possibility seemed to trouble him.

He seemed unusually restless for the next few days after his return. He was singularly anxious to read the daily papers.

"A body'd think you'd been speculatin', John," observed Mrs. Hunt, one day, as she repeated some remarks a third time before he heard her.

A queer look settled over his face but he made no response.

But all at once he uttered a stifled exclamation and started to his feet; his face had grown unusually pale and the hand which grasped his hat trembled with nervous agitation.

"I must go up to town, Emily," he exclaimed, "at once! Where's Bess?"

Mrs. Hunt looked her astonishment.

"To town!" she repeated, blankly. "Why, you was there only last Saturday! Anything happened?" with a glance at the paper, which had fluttered unheeded to the floor.

"No, not much, only—well, never mind."

Two, three hours past. Jessica and Minerva came in, two strong, florid girls with loud voices and blunt manners, and immediately demanded "dad."

Poor, mystified Mrs. Hunt shook her head.

"I don't know, girls, but he said he was going in town. Business, I guess."

"Humph!" ejaculated Jessica. "Where's Bessie? Gone with him?"

"No. She went for something; I've forgot. But any rate, she's 'round somewhere."

The Misses Hunt exchanged glances, but deigned no reply to the patient, overworked mother, who was rather afraid of these self-reliant daughters, preferring in her heart gentle, misunderstood Bessie before either.

It was several hours past the time for their early tea when John Hunt came home. Abram Alvey was with him, and his lips were compressed in a thin, hard line.

John Hunt himself, during the short time he had been absent, seemed to have grown years older. He was pale, restless, and the hand which he rested on the table shook as with palsy.

His wife came forward, seriously alarmed.

"What happened, John? Anything? Be you sick? Just sit down and let me get you a good, strong cup o' tea right off. It'll do you good," for in spite of the clouds which sometimes obscured their domestic horizon, Emily Hunt was loyal and true to the man whom in her earlier youth she had chosen for better, for worse.

He made a gesture of repugnance at the suggestion of food or drink.

"I can't eat anything, wife," he said, as he threw his arms across the table in a hopeless, dejected fashion, and hid his face upon them. "I—I—tell her Abram."

"He has been speculatin'," went on that individual, the rigid lines in his face never softening, the tones of his voice hard and metallic as cold steel; "speculatin', I tell you, and has ended by ruining his family. That's all!"

Mrs. Hunt sank helplessly into the nearest chair and stared, speechless, at her brother. Jessica and Minerva clung together on the sofa, an expression of almost ludicrous dismay on their faces.

"Well, I never!" exclaimed Minerva, the first to break the heavy silence that ensued. "Father, whatever possessed you?"

Jessica suddenly burst into a violent fit of weeping The bent figure beside the table never moved.

"Father! Look up!"

Without a glance in either direction, tall, straight, with a bright spot burning in either cheek and a brilliant glitter in her eyes, Bessie suddenly crossed the room and knelt gently, sympathetically, beside her father's chair.

"Father! Don't take it so to heart! It cannot be so bad, and," in a lower tone, "I will help you now."

Then John Hunt raised his head, a gleam of hope stealing into his dreary eyes as he placed his hand tenderly among the red-brown tresses clustering above the high white brow.

"You, Bessie?"

"Yes, father," she responded quietly. "Try me and see."

And so it proved. The test of which Abram Alvey had often boasted had at last come.

But contrary to his expectations, Jessica or Minerva, the "self-reliant girls," did not come up to his standard. They "hung around," as he expressed it, bemoaning their unlucky fate and making the place almost unbearable to the disheartened man. He bore up as long as he possibly could, then succumbed to the inevitable.

It was then that Bessie, the "useless one," came to the fore. The "frittery fancy work" that Abram Alvey had so scornfully condemned, proved its worth. Blithely the bright steel needle flew through gauze and silk, and for the dainty creations turned out by the deft fingers Bessie received a snug competence. Her time was almost taken up, but somehow she managed to crowd in a few music pupils, and so add a trifle more to their income.

And it was after giving a lesson one day that she came in, and throwing aside her hat, laid her flushed, bright face on the pillow beside her father's. He looked at her fondly, but in a deprecating way.

"My dear," he said, in a strangely weak voice, "you will kill yourself working so! If only Jess or Min"——

She placed her hand on his mouth with a quick, quaint gesture.

"No more 'ifs,' papa, please," she said, lightly. "And I am not going to work so hard now. Papa, Ralph Deane has asked me to marry him and I said—I would!"

Ralph Deane! John Hunt remembered him. He belonged to one of the best families in town.

For an instant the broken man gazed into the fresh, fair face, then drew her close to his breast.

"God bless you, my daughter," he said, huskily.

And Jessica and Minerva?

When Bessie was married she took her father, mother and two sisters home with her to the handsome home her husband gave her, and they are there, bemoaning their fate even yet. —[Boston Globe.

Beginning of Our Understanding of Storms.

In the year 1821 a severe storm prevailed along the Eastern coast, which for many years was known as the "great September gale." It held that title until September, 1869, when another and more remarkable one occurred, which rather disturbed its claim to the honor. It was a little time after this first storm that Redfield, while making a journey in Massachusetts, was struck by a somewhat curious fact. He noticed that in Massachusetts the trees prostrated by the wind, all lay with their heads to the southeast, showing that the gale there was from the northwest; but in Connecticut the trees blown down in the same storm lay head to the northwest, showing that the gale had been a southeast one. He ascertained, moreover, that when the wind was blowing southeast in Middletown, his home, it was northwest at a place not seventy miles from there.

It was then that the idea flashed across his mind that the gale was a progressive whirlwind. That was a great thought. It was such a flash of perception as came to Newton when he connected the falling apple with the planets in space. It was such an insight into the meaning of a fact as James Watt had when he saw the possibilities of the force that was rattling the lid of the kettle on his mother's fire. The development of that idea was destined one day to put Redfield in the ranks of the great scientific thinkers of his day. He made this storm the basis of his investigations, following his researches into its movements by a careful collection of facts in relation to others like it. For ten years he studied, and examined and compared his facts, before he published his theory of storms.—[Popular Science Monthly.

How to Make an Egg Dance.

For the boy who loves to play magician and to keep the whole family enthralled by his remarkable feats here is a new trick, that of making an egg dance: Place a hard-boiled egg upon the underside of a smooth, but dull—not polished—tray. Move the tray around and around horizontally, gradually increasing in speed. The egg, resting in the middle of the tray, is carried around and around by the movement and gradually begins to revolve on its own axis, faster and faster, till at last it is seen to rise on end and spin away just as a top would do.

In all experiments involving egg balancing you will find it a material aid to success to keep the egg upright in the saucepan while it is being boiled. The air chamber will in such case be kept central with the longer axis of the egg, which will, in consequence, be much more easily balanced.

To set the egg spinning as described demands practice, not to mention some strength, and, still more, address. For the benefit of those who are ambitious to succeed at the first attempt we indicate a simple plan of procedure. Place the tray on the table, letting it project so far over the edge as to be readily and rapidly grasped by the hand. Place the egg in the middle, and with the thumb of the left and the first finger of the right hand placed at opposite ends, set it vigorously spinning. It will immediately rise on end, still spinning. Quickly seize the tray and you will then have nothing to do but to keep the edge still rotating, which is a very easy matter. This is done by moving the tray in horizontal circles, but in the reverse direction to that in which the egg revolves.—[New York Advertiser.

A Retraction.

Dr. Paresis (angrily)—Look here, Dicer, I understand that you have been telling people you wouldn't let me treat a sick cat of yours.

Dicer—That's about what I said.

Dr. Paresis—Well, sir, you'll have to take it back.

Dicer—Very well, I will. I'd let you treat a sick cat of mine. I'm not very fond of the animal anyhow.—[Puck.

Forest Fires and Mosquitos in Alaska.

Miles and miles of blackened stumps marked the ravages of the forest fires. The Indian, when resting on his journey and suffering from mosquitos, sets fire to the twigs and leaves around him, creating a smoke which keeps the pest at a distance, and, when refreshed, he straps on his pack and moves along the trail, of course without extinguishing his fire; when announcing his approach to friends at a distance, he sets fire to a half-dead spruce or tamarack-tree, and the column of thick, black smoke is the signal, to be acknowledged in the same manner by those who see it, so as to direct the traveler to their camping-grounds. In the summer everything is crisp and dry, and the timber is saturated with turpentine. The trees left to smolder are fanned into flame by the slightest breeze; the flames creep among the resinous trees, and spread till whole forests are destroyed. These forest fires and the mosquitos account for the scarcity of game. Over the vast untraveled region that we visited, there was a remarkable scarcity of wild animals. We saw only a few ground-squirrels and some grouse and ptarmigan.

The Indians say that all the larger animals retreat in summer to the hilltops, where, exposed to a constant breeze, they are free from the torments of insects.

At our camp for the night on a grassy knoll, the mosquitos and other flies were in greater numbers and more ravenous than we had ever previously experienced them. The whole insect world seemed to hail our arrival with the same relish that reservation Indians welcome government rations. Their attacks were fierce and incessant; our poor brutes, tortured into a frenzy, though hobbled, stampeded back, and sought escape from the torment by sinking into the swamp through which we had labored only a few hours before. The next morning, however, afforded us a delightful rest, for a stiff breeze from the southward swept the air clear of the pests, and granted man and horse a short respite. When plagued by flies, our leader, who wore a brass bell, would create a continual tinkling, but when unmolested, the band would seek a soft patch of grass and go soundly to sleep, profiting by the unusual lull.—[Century.

CURING A COLD.

Some Methods That May Be Used to Advantage.

A Doctor's Practical Suggestions and Remedies.

If you have contracted a "cold," of course you want to get rid of it as soon as possible, says a doctor in the New York World. When the first symptoms, which have been described, manifest themselves is the time for action, and this should consist of a hot mustard foot-bath before going to bed and a hot draught of milk. The covering of the body should be linen and wool, the former in the way of the sheet and the latter in the blanket.

No attempt to get up an active sweating should be made. The foot-bath and the warm drink will give a sense of warmth and facilitate the natural excretion of materials which should pass away by the skin, and any effort to aggrevate this will be not only superfluous, but harmful.

The blanket should never be worn next to the night robe, and should not be so thick as to confine the air next to the body. It is, indeed, often advisable to lighten the covering of the feet, and to preserve a certain amount of weight over the loins, and to have the shoulders protected from the external surroundings in general.

The last measure is not to be underrated; a sensitive lung carries with it susceptibility to take to itself everything that could possibly affect it to its detriment. Lung diseases belongs to sensitive persons, and may or may not be the sequence of a "cold." The majority of them, however, can be traced to imprudence in dress and exposure. Pneumonia, plurisy and consumption are partners of carelessness in the dressing of the chest and back, and "colds," which might stop at the throat by a little prudence, are their apprentices.

If one of your ancestors died of a lung disease, you should be more than usually cautious about the clothing of your chest and back. Families and their offspring have tendencies toward certain complaints, and this fact should not be ignored.

If you have unconsciously contracted a cold and want to get relief from it, you must, in the first place, avoid too much medication. A properly clad skin and a clear digestion ought to shorten the life of the "cold." If a little comfort can be secured by wearing a light covering on the head during indoor hours it should be respected.

Ventilation of apartments comes in for a slight amount of attention, and it should be simply sufficient to furnish fresh air and not to produce currents which can be appreciated. Nothing is more fallacious than the belief that health is promoted and life prolonged by air in excess, and this is proved by tombstones.

There are a few good remedies which appeal to us as matters of tradition. Our grandparents used them with effect, and we might follow their example without injury. One of these is sassafras tea, another is boneset tea, and another is senna tea. Each has its office, and each is of value in its peculiar line, and at the same time harmless.

It would be superfluous to give directions for their use, for every one knows about them and what grandma has believed of their efficacy. These teas are good and may benefit you in time of "colds."

Tepees and Hogans.

While attached to a military expedition against the Sioux in Wyoming in 1877, I saw those Indians construct at the various camps we made what I take to be the most primitive form of house built by human hands. It was simply a shelter, or tepee as they called it, made with the green boughs cut from the cottonwood trees. Without any especial preparation of the ground, they implanted the cut ends of the limbs in two parallel rows about eight feet long and five feet apart. The tops were adroitly bent over the inclosed space and fastened together along the middle line, thus creating a semi-cylindrical shelter open at both ends. These tepees were merely intended for two or three men to sleep in, all the cooking and other arrangements being performed outside.

In permanent summer camps these tepees are built in a sub-hemispherical shape, the ground upon which they are built being cleaned off, moderately scooped, out, and the earth thus obtained banked around the in-stuck ends of the boughs on the inside of the structure. They are then trimmed up and properly covered outside with long prairie grass, so placed as to shed the rain. Often, too, they threw an old buffalo hide over the top as an additional protection.

In 1886 I observed the Navajos in northwestern New Mexico building similar houses to the ones I have just described; but those Indians also build a more durable structure in their hogan—a conical house of logs plastered with mud, and with a door at the side. Navajos, too, are improving in their home-building more especially where they have taken up their abode in the neighborhood of frontier military garrisons.—[Popular Science Monthly.

All He Guarantees to Do.

The cleverness of the waiters who stand at the doors of the dining rooms of the large hotels in charge of the hats which are left outside by the guests is very striking. Some of them perform really wonderful feats of memory in the way of identifying the hat of each person, although they often do not see the guest more than once and that for only the instant when he pauses to leave his hat behind him as he enters.

At a hotel on the Maine coast is a colored man who is famous among the guests for never making a mistake, although sometimes the guests have tried to puzzle him by going in in groups and by wearing hats he has never seen. One day one of the boarders talked with him about this power and the waiter said that he had acquired it by long practice.

"And do you never make mistakes?" the gentleman inquired.

"No, sah; I don't cal'late to make no mistakes," was the answer.

"And do you give every man his own hat?"

"Oh, sah," returned the waiter, "'taint none o' my bus'nes whose the hat am. I gibes to ebery man the hat he gibes to me."—[Boston Courier.

A Marvelous Work of Art.

A poor sonar, or goldsmith, named Prayag Ram, of Dumaron, in Shahabad, India, has constructed a most ingenious piece of mechanism. It represents the various household and industrial avocations engaged in by the women of that country. A large group of figures beautifully modeled and dressed, each about two inches high, is seen in the reproduction of the inner courtyard of an Indian mansion. Some are employed in spinning cotton, others in husking rice, grinding corn, churning and other domestic work. Their movements, which are wonderfully natural, are communicated by complicated clockwork concealed in the body of the case, which is inclosed in glass. The inventor having expressed a desire to present his work to Queen Victoria, the magistrate of Shahabad has submitted the offer through the proper channels. Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the mechanism as a token of Prayag Ram's loyalty, and his magnum opus, fitted in a padded box, is on its way to Osborne.—[Chicago Times.

A TRIBE ANNIHILATED.

Mexican Troops Brutally Destroy an Aztec Village.

Slaughter of 368 Soldiers in the Tomocnians' Last Struggle.

News of the annihilation of the Tomocniens, a people who inhabited a village called Tomocnie, and who, it is said, were nearly pure Aztecs, has been received at El Paso, Texas. Tomocnie is situated on the direct road to Guerrero and Jesus Maria, in the mountains of southeastern Chihuahua, Mexico, and the people had been in open rebellion against the State and Federal Government for more than a year on account of excessive taxation, extortion by Government officers, and Government interference with their religious belief. Two months ago the Federal Government sent the 110th Battalion, in command of General Ranjel, to make the people pay the tax required of them and to accept the Government officers appointed to take charge, or to kill every one of them. This alternative was openly boasted of by officers in Chihuahua before the troops started for the town, and when the Tomocniens heard of it they decided to fight to the end, as they knew that even should they receive the soldiers peaceably they would be shot on the slightest provocation.

When the soldiers made their descent on the village, they were met and driven off with the loss of twenty-two officers and fourteen men killed and two officers and forty-five men taken prisoners. The prisoners were confined on top of an adobe church. General Ranjel was the only officer who escaped.

When the news of the affair reached the ears of President Diaz, he decided to annihilate the village. Soldiers left Chihuahua and formed a junction with others from Pinos Altos and Guerrero to the number of 1200. Then an attack was made on all sides. The Tomocniens, who only numbered thirty-eight, took refuge with their families in the church and awaited the attack, which took place at about ten o'clock in the morning. The attack was made on all sides, and lasted until dusk, when the soldiers gained an entrance to the church. Then a terrible hand-to-hand fight took place, and the soldiers completed the massacre. The report says that 368 of their number were killed and many wounded.

The village the next day presented a terrible view. The streets leading to the church were strewn with bodies and flowing with blood. Not a man of the Tomocniens was left except those who happened to be out in the mountains.

The Tomocniens were some time ago a rich people in cattle and farms, but the lack of rain and failure of crops had brought them to poverty and they were unable to endure the extortion of the Government. They were very hospitable and several weeks ago when several parties of Americans passed through from Guerrero to Chihuahua, they were treated kindly and well-cared for, though the Government officials objected to their going, they saying that the Tomocniens were brigands. The feeling against the Government is said to be very strong, and the affair is called a second Alamo, destined to bring liberty to the Mexican people.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

NEW YORK has released Tiernan, Fuller and Rusie.

EWING has about outlived his usefulness in New York.

THE indoor baseball season has opened at St. Paul, Minn.

IN the second season Cleveland thrashed Cincinnati five times.

DOYLE played during the last half in six positions for the New Yorks.

MCCARTHY was the only Boston player who played in every game this year.

KELLY has been reduced to the ranks and McCarthy now captains the Bostons.

ALL Northern Ohio is rejoicing with Cleveland over the "Spiders'" success.

THE curtailment of the playing season next year was a move in the right direction.

GANZEL was the only Boston player who made a batting average of .300 in the second season.

BATTIN, after twenty-five years on the ball field, has gone back to his old trade as a bricklayer.

YOUNG pitched wonderful ball for the Clevelands in the second season. His work was of the same regular order day after day.

ANSON says baseball will last as long as America, and no other sport can supplant it. He also looks for a renewal in interest next season.

PRESIDENT BYRNE considers Daly, of Brooklyn, the best all-round player on the diamond to-day. He has been playing second base like a regular.

THE first game of the championship series between the Bostons, victors in the first half, and the Clevelands, winners in the second half, resulted in a eleven-inning draw.

BECKLEY, of Pittsburg, had a queer experience. He tried to bunt a ball on Breitenstein and fouled it into his own face. He had his lip cut so badly it had to be sewed up. Tebeau had his nose broken in 1890 in precisely the same manner.

BATTLE IN SANTIAGO.

The Rebels Victorious and in Possession of the Capital.

The revolt in San del Estero, Argentine Republic, has assumed such proportions that the Federal Government has decided to intervene to restore the Provincial Government in authority. The latest intelligence from the city of Santiago del Estero is to the effect that a battle, which lasted two hours, took place between the rebels and the Government supporters. It resulted in a victory for the rebels, who drove the Government forces out of the city. The capital is now completely in the hands of the rebels. A body of Federal troops was dispatched to Santiago to suppress the revolt.

HOFMANN A STOWAWAY.

The Piano Prodigy Turns Up on a Ship at Calcutta.

A story comes from Bombay, India, to the effect that the piano prodigy, Josef Hofmann, while visiting a relative at Cardiff, Wales, some time ago, disappeared, and the next known of him appeared as a stowaway on a vessel that had arrived at Calcutta. The boy's own statement, according to the Bombay story, is that while in Cardiff he took a sudden fancy to see the world and stowed himself on a ship bound for Calcutta. He says he was happy, and was kindly treated by everybody on the vessel. He visited several places in India, where he gave concerts to pay his expenses.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Father, Mother and Two Little Sons Perished in Their Sleep.

James Shannon, his wife and their two children, boys aged four and six years, were burned to death in their beds at Cleveland, Ohio.

They lived in the upper part of a two-story building which caught fire in some unknown way, the flames starting in the saloon beneath, kept by Shannon and James McGinty.

The family slept in a large front room and doubtless were overcome by the smoke before the flames reached them. The front half of the building was destroyed and the four bodies were buried in the ruins.

LATER NEWS.

A. A. MCLEAN, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, has been elected to the presidency of the Boston and Maine.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, Democratic candidate for Vice-President, spoke to Brooklyn Democrats at the Academy of Music. The Buffalonians' Cleveland Club, of New York City, entertained ex-President Grover Cleveland at the Imperial Hotel. Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan and Mayor Bishop, of Buffalo, were among the speakers. The County Democracy district leaders of New York City withdrew their city and county ticket.

As a result of the quarrels between the National and local officers of the Chicago Fair, two sets of rules have been issued for the government of the Exposition.

LETTERS discovered on a drunken man revealed an alleged conspiracy to kill Jerry Simpson, the Alliance Representative in Congress from Kansas.

A GRAIN blockade and car famine exists on many Western roads. There are 10,000 loaded grain cars in Chicago and there is no place to unload them. Few shippers are inclined to pay the rail rate and the boats will not take grain at any price.

IT is announced that the present American Minister to Portugal, General George S. Batcheller, of Saratoga, will withdraw from the diplomatic service of the United States shortly after his return to Europe.

HARRY VANE MILBANK, the notorious duelist, died at the resort for consumptives, Davos, Switzerland. Milbank had carried three bullets in his body for the past six months and had been long laid up at Brussels before he went to Switzerland.

HERR LANGE, a master cooper at Bremen, Germany, becoming jealous of his sweetheart, began firing at her with a revolver. Two women who lived in the house attempted to protect their unfortunate companion, whereupon Lange shot them also. All three of the women were killed, and Lange committed suicide.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., had a big sugar barrel bonfire that lighted up all New York harbor and burned three-quarters of a block of buildings, which, with their contents, were worth $.25,000.

STRIKERS at Homestead, Penn., continued their assaults upon non-unionists and one hundred armed deputies were ordered to the scene.

EX-PRESIDENT GROVER CLEVELAND, Carl Schurz, Oswald Ottendorfer, William Steinway and Dr. Joseph H. Sennert addressed a mass meeting of German-Americans in Cooper Union, New York City. Three overflow meetings were held outside the hall.

THE Wisconsin Apportionment bill, as adopted by the Democratic caucus, with a single exception, passed both Houses, all Democrats voting for it, except Senator Krueger and Assemblymen Neal Brown. The law gives the Democrats a majority of twelve or fourteen on joint ballot.

GOVERNOR MCKINLEY, of Ohio, addressed an immense Republican meeting at Peru, Ind.

WHITELAW REID arrived at Washington from the West and went at once to the White House, where he spent an hour with the President.

THE annual report of the Adjutant-General of the Army shows that the average number of students over fifteen years of age attending the several universities and colleges having a chair of military tactics was 18,484, an increase of 2267 over the number reported last year.

THE Hawaiian Cabinet has been ousted on a vote of want of confidence by the Legislature. The vote was thirty-one to fifteen.

THE French Chamber of Deputies rejected a motion to grant amnesty to the Carmaux rioters.

SIX persons have been drowned by the wreck of the schooner Annie in Lough Strangford, Ireland.

50,000 PEOPLE DROWNED.

The Yellow River Again Causes Awful Destruction in China.

Letters from China bring terrible accounts of the loss of life and property caused by the breaking of the banks of the Yellow River, which is aptly called "China's Sorrow." It is only three years since the whole basin of the river was flooded, and now comes a new flood fully as disastrous as the other. It is estimated that the flooded district is 150 miles long by thirty miles wide, that over 50,000 people have been drowned, and that fully 1,000,000 will starve to death unless the Chinese Government furnishes them food from now until next spring.

These figures furnish some idea of the enormity of the calamity, in which, in single villages, the whole loss of life at Johnstown is surpassed. The work of strengthening the embankment of the river was poorly done three years ago, and the high water this season swept away the dikes as though they were made of straw. In several districts the water is fifteen feet deep, and whole families are perched on the roofs of their houses. Only the more substantial structures resist the action of the water, the majority of the houses crumbling away and carrying the wretched people to death.

RIOTING AT HOMESTEAD.

Four Supposed Strikers Set Upon and Beat a New-comer.

The spirit of lawlessness still prevails at Homestead, Penn. Early the other morning John Schemmel was attacked at the corner of Dixon street and Fourth avenue, as he was on his way home from the mill. Four supposed strikers from the Carnegie Mills set upon and beat him into insensibility. His cries attracted the attention of Deputy Sheriffs, who scared his assailants off. John McGillcuddy was also attacked and his nose broken.

The Advisory Board has issued a statement saying it is in no way responsible for the outrage. The Board declines to act as peacemaker. A movement is on foot to petition the Governor for the return of enough troops to preserve the peace.

SEVEN NEW BISHOPS.

The Protestant Episcopal Church Enlarges Its Staff to That Extent.

The Protestant Episcopal General Convention at Baltimore, Md., added seven new Bishops to that church, as follows: For Southern Florida, Rev. William Crouse Gray, D. D.; Western Colorado, Rev. William Morris Barker; Oklahoma and Indian Territory, Rev. Francis Key Brooke; Northern Michigan, Rev. Joseph Horsfall Johnson, Yeddo, Rev. Taomas Allen Tidball, D. D.; Spokane, Rev. Lemuel Henry Wells, D. D.; Shanghai, Rev. Samuel Roosevelt Johnson Hoyt, D. D.

It was definitely decided to hold the 1895 Convention in Minneapolis, Minn.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
Of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
WHITELAW REID,
Of New York.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
EDMON S. BLACKBURN,
CLAUDE M. BERNARD.

1st	District	Delon H. Abbott,
2d	"	Willis Bagley
3d	"	Oscar J. Spear,
4th	"	Thomas P. Devreux,
5th	"	Wm. P. Bynum Jr.
6th	"	Wm. R. Myers,
7th	"	Zeb. V Walser,
8th	"	Samuel L. Holton,
9th	"	Lon W. Wells.

STATE REPUBLIBAN TICKET.
For Governor:
DAVID M. FURCHES,
Of Iredell.
Lieutenant Governor:
JAMES M. MOODY,
Of Macon.
Secretary of State:
RUFIS AMIS,
Of Granville.
Treasurer:
HENRY C. DOCKERY,
Of Richmond.
Superintendent of Public Instruction
EDWARD C. PERISHO,
Of Guilford.
Auditor:
HIRAM L. GRANT,
Of Wayne.
Attorney General:
THOMAS R. PURNELL,
Of Wake
Justice Supreme Court:
WILLIAM S. BALL,
Of Guilford.

"TO BUY THE NEGRO VOTE."

Colored freemen! the Democrats are alarmed as never before. With the Republican vote united and solid they will be beaten, and they know it. They are begging for "one more chance," and they say that "to buy the Negro Vote" is now the only way to save the District. That they are going to do this is the shameless boast heard in Democratic gatherings.

Colored men! you are citizens and freemen by virtue of the glorious victories and principles of the Republican party. Let every self-respecting voter of your race see that this insult to you—this base reflection on your manhood and integrity, is rebuked at the ballot box. Let these Democratic "boodlers" be made to understand that you can neither be purchased nor debauched.

Very truly observed ex-Senator Evarts, in a recent speech, that the election day of a President is the great day of the American people. It is a celebration in which all join; no laggard should be found. The Presidential office is the favorite office of the people under our Constitution, for the vote of the people on that day shapes the destinies of the people for four years, and is one of the largest transactions in human affairs.

The CAROLINIAN is asked how the tariff benefits the farmer. In brief, the answer is that he is benefited by each new industry created, and by the multiplication of industrial plants, because the farmer is the country's commissary. The greater the number of employes, and the greater the number of mouths he has to feed, the more his market is benefited.

The mechanic who thinks it would be for his advantage to receive the same wages as his fellow tradesmen in England if only he can get a suit of clothes for a dollar less than he can now, should vote for Cleveland.

The campaign that Robert T. Lincoln is making in Illinois now recalls some of the memorable campaigns which his illustrious father made in the Prairie State forty years ago.

It is not the manufacturers of this country that need protection. When workmen are willing to work for European wages there will be no further need of protection.

In many places the Knights of Labor are getting up clubs for Grover Cleveland. The clubs are not of the stuffed variety either, as the gentlemen will discover when they fall upon him.

During President Harrison's rule not a dollar has been lost by any defalcation in any department of the Government. It is a record that is unassailable.

It is a fact that both the farmer and the laborer pay less for what they buy under Protection than they did under Free trade.

If the baccillus of campaign lying is ever discovered it will doubtless be found wearing the Democratic trade mark.

Senator Carlisle, the great Democratic Senator from Kentucky, did not register, and so will not vote for Cleveland.

"IN A BUSINESS WAY."

So far as the Republican party is concerned, it is not a party that is nerved to its best achievements in election times by mere excitement and loud noise. It is a party that has a history for going about its work in a business way, and doing the best things possible for the prosperity and greatness of the country. Fine encouragement is there in this quiet campaign—this campaign of argument and education—in the fact that the industrial and commercial classes are listening to reason, and in the assurance that the conservative business men are certain that President Harrison will be re-elected.

CHEAPER AND CHEAPER

If the "tariff is a tax" upon all articles included in the tariff schedule, why do they grow cheaper and cheaper, even in half the cases where the tariff has been increased? The only possible answer is that the tariff creates a condition which while increasing wages lowers the cost of production, and gives better goods for less money. That is precisely what the tariff has done, and that is why the majority of the people will vote to defeat the Democratic party.

"THEY WILL WATCH US."

The Democratic managers are very much afraid of the Third party, and they have reason to be. Said an ex-chairman of one of their Executive Committees:

"Our greatest weakness lies in the fact that the men who are running the Third party are acquainted with every trick and device we have resorted to for years past to keep the negroes from voting. *They will watch us closely*, and will meet and defeat us in every effort we put forth on the old lines of campaigning. They are into the secrets, and we have to adopt new methods this time."

TRUTHFUL WORDS.

Henry Watterson, the brilliant editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, in his magnificent Columbian oration at Chicago the other day, gave utterance to the following truthful words:

"Each citizen has his right of choice, each has his right to vote and to have his vote freely cast and fairly counted. Wherever this right is assailed for any cause wrong is done and evil must follow, first to the whole country, which has an interest in all its parts, but most to the community immediately involved, which must actually drink of the cup that has contained the poison, and cannot escape its infection."

The Democrats have "fused" with the Third party in Montana, Kansas, Colorado, North Dakota, Idaho, Nevada and Wyoming. This means that not a single vote will be cast for Cleveland electors. The result will be that Harrison will get them all. According to the Democratic idea, their "fusion" with the Third party is all right, but when, in order to get a fair election in the South, the Republicans fuse it is all wrong.

Of all the countries of the civilized world this is now the most prosperous, and its prosperity is extraordinary in its own history, as all the official statistics of commerce, trade and manufacture bear abundant witness.—New York Sun.

This is a fact, and it cannot be disputed that this extraordinary prosperity and industrial development is due to the protective tariff adopted and maintained by the Republican party.

Said and intelligent young man the other day: "I was raised a Democrat and have thus far voted that ticket. But I have been reading and thinking, and as the result, I cannot find an honest reason for being a democrat, but I find every reason in the world for being a Republican and I intend to cast my first Republican ballot this year.

The recent "Jeffersonian" candidate for Governor of Alabama, Captain Kolb, who was bulldozed and defrauded of the victory he fairly won at the polls, attempted to speak at Gordon, Ala., last week and was rotten-egged by his democratic opponents. No force bill; no decayed hen-fruit domination.

In 1864 Adlai Stevenson, the running mate of Cleveland, said: "The war is a failure."

In 1892 he said: "Protection is a failure."

After November 8th, the Democracy will realize that Stevenson is a failure.

The Democratic hope in this District and State now is that the full Republican vote will not be cast, or if cast will, by the methods they have hitherto adopted, be thrown out. But they are going to be watched as they never were before.

Senator Hill remarks that the Republicans of New York "seem to possess a reserved strength in Presidential elections which they exhibit at no other elections." There is a good deal of truth in this statement.

Democratic Chairman Simmons has issued another secret frantic appeal to the Democratic leaders to work harder for the ticket. He is badly scared.

The National political outlook is decidedly encouraging for the Republicans. The CAROLINIAN feels confident that Harrison will be triumphantly re-elected.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28, 1892.

The President is expected to return to Washington to-morrow from the saddest errand of his life. Everybody can sympathize, but only the few who know of the close and loving companionship that existed between himself and wife during the 39 years of their married life can begin to appreciate and understand his great loss and consequent great grief. His friends regard it as fortunate that Mrs. Harrison died just when the campaign had reached the exciting stage, as long as she had to die, because the political excitement will, in a measure, help to take the President's mind away from his sorrow. The Democrats of Washington did a kind, thoughtful and sympathetic act when they removed their campaign banner which hangs across Pennsylvania avenue, until the funeral of Mrs. Harrison had been held and her remains placed on the special train which carried them and the funeral party to Indianapolis.

Mr. Blaine returned to his Washington residence this week. He is looking much stronger than he was when he left here last summer, and is deeply interested in the campaign; he expresses the most absolute confidence of the triumph of the Republican party, and regrets that a throat trouble, making it dangerous for him to make an extended speech, keeps him off the stump. He is not idle, however, for in addition to his published articles on the situation, he has written hundreds of letters to his personal friends in New York and other doubtful States, urging them to the utmost activity in bringing out the full Republican vote, which is all that is needed to make the election of Harrison and Reid a certainty in November.

It was certainly a curious coincidence that while Mr. Wayne MacVeigh should be seated at the breakfast table of a Washington hotel reading the scathing denunciation by Senator Hill in his New York speech of "the ostentatious zeal of the new convert, who, after having for years enjoyed the honors and emoluments of positions conferred upon him by his party, suddenly assumes to see new light, and turns around and bitterly assails his former political associates with venomous vituperation," which was intended specially for MacVeigh, Senator Hill should walk in and take his seat at the same table, directly across from the gentleman who has lately assumed "to see a new light." Hill says he did not know MacVeigh, but it is very certain that MacVeigh knew Hill and that after reading that speech he was not pleased to see him seated at the same table with himself, at any rate he did not stay long after the New Yorker came in. While Senator Hill was in town an attempt was made by a personal friend to get his opinion about Cleveland's chances. "I have nothing to do with the management of this campaign, and do not care to make a prediction as to its results," was as near an opinion as the wily Senator would give.

Republicanism's Glorious Story.

Whitlaw Reid.

It is the peculiar glory of that grand old party that has guided this country for thirty years to unparalled prosperity and uncontested supremacy, that even its enemies are forced to approve, if not to praise its history.

The greatest constructive party the nation has seen, there is yet not an important step in its constructive record which its enemies would now retrace if they could. Run over the outlines of that glorious story as taught to-day in every school house. It freed the slaves.

What Democrat in all the length of the land would undo that to-day if he could? It saved the Union. What Democrat would to-day prefer that the war for the Union should have really been a failure, as his party in 1864 in Chicago solemnly resolved that it was?

What Democrat would undo the Republican triumphs of that day if he could? It paid the debt. What Democrat now wishes that it had not, and would go back to break the nation's word to its creditors or tarnish its faith and credit with the world, if he could?

The other day, thanks to that faith and that credit, it refunded what it could reach of the fraction of its debt unpaid, at 2 per cent. per annum—the lowest rate ever obtained by any government among men.

What Democrat would now destroy that credit by insisting that the government should not keep its promises, if he could? It pensioned the soldiers? Is there any Democrat in all the land, whether in 1861 he wore the blue or the butter-nut, would to-day undo that if he could.

It fostered our manufactures, built our continental railways, gave every man a free homestead who would occupy it, first developed and then admitted our new States. What act in that whole beneficent constructive record would any Democrat to-day undo if he could?

If Should be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 37 Clay St., Shappsburg, Pa. says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Freee trial bottles at Alex Wadsworth's drug store. Lage bottles 50c and $100.

Beverly J. Miller, editor of the "Missouri Valley Workman," official organ of the State American Order of United Workman, and who has been a Democrat all his life, has come out in his paper advocating the election of Harrison.

Pills often leaves a person constipated. Simmons Liver Regulator never does.

Shall the Rich or the Poor be Taxed.

The Democratic platform declares a protective tariff unconstitutional and pledges the party to inaugurate a tariff for revenue only.

A tariff for revenue only is what England has. Let us examine it and see how it compares with our own McKinley law, and if possible discover wherein it is preferable to our present arrangement. Then we can intelligently decide whether we want to change.

England levies a duty on cocoa, that delicious breakfast beverage, of 2 cents per pound. Being a revenue duty, it is, of course, added to the price. We get cocoa free.

The Englishman's coffee is tariff taxed over 3 cents a pound; if roasted or ground, 4 cents a pound. We get ours free.

Tea pays 8 cents a pound into the Imperial treasury. It comes to the American tea table free.

Here are three articles of universal consumption. A tax on them is paid mainly by the poor,

An unskilled laborer can earn no more than $1.50, and is obliged to support his family out of that, drinks as much tea or coffee, perhaps, as any one of the Vanderbilts.

He, therefore, pays as much or more of the revenue tariff tax.

Under our protective system the wealthy pay the import duties.

As a matter of fact, the laborer, the mechanic and the farmer can get along and do get along for the most part, without a single imported article which pays duty. Those they must have are admitted free.

They buy home-made boots and shoes, home-made clothing, home-made utinsils.

Products of the labor of their own fellow-citizens are good enough for them, and by buying them they escape paying a cent of tariff tax.

But the wealthy, the fashionable, the Anglo-maniacs, who turn up their noses at American products and dote on the French silks, German underware and English worsteds—these are the ones, and nat the poor, who mainly pay the expense of government.

The question between a tariff for revenue only and a tariff for protection is, therefore, a question as to whether the rich or poor shouly pay the tariff. Which shall it be, American voters?

Simmons Liver Regulator, bear in mind, is not an experiment. It is endorsed by thousands.

Brick Pomeroy for Harrison.

Mail and Express.

Mark M. Pomery, the well-known journalist, generally known as "Brick," was a very busy man this morning, but he found time to talk with a *Mail and Expressman*.

"Yes, sir," said he, cheerily, it is a fact that I have concluded to vote this fall for President Harrison. I have always been a Democrat. I was a Democrat when Democrats didn't have the courage of their convictions, and I was compelled to speak for them I have done the swearing for the Democratic party But I shall vote for Harrison this fall. All my life I have been a free trader. Theoretically I am a free trader still, but I must accept the evidence, such as that collected by Labor Commissioner Peck, which proves that our tariff laws have been of benefit to the working people. These laws have raised wages, expanded opportunities and therefore have worked great good to the people.

"I am convinced that if our protective policy is broken down we will reduce the wage rate. Such a reduction will mean a curtailment of the courage of those who toil. A man who gets $20 a week has twice the courage of the man who gets $10. When you circumscribe a man's opportunities, when you make it necessary for him to increase his worriment over how he shall make both ends meet, you sap his courage.

"Furthermore, I am opposed to Cleveland because he is the representative of the class which is grinding down the debtor portion of the community. He stands for the rich few who are oppressing the poor many."

You cannot feel well without a clear head, and so this take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Why I am a Protectionist.

By a Farmer,

I am a protectionist because the farmer needs protection. Mine is an agricultural section. All our prosperity depends upon the farmer's prosperity. Protection increases the farmer's markets in three distinct ways—by increasing the number of laborers in manufactories, by protecting the home market from foreign invasion, by finding new markets abroad. The value of a relatively large market is illustrated in the fact that the wheat crop of '88 was less than that of '87 by 40,000,000 bushels, but brought the farmers $40,000,000 more money. The success of protection is shown by the decline in the importation of staple farm products the first year of the McKinley law to the extent of $80,000,000, and a corresponding advance in prices. The farmer might as well make his crop free as his market.

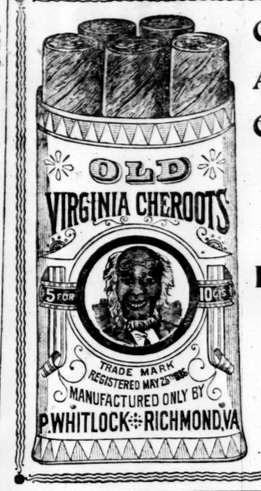
The most of our ailments come from disordered liver which Simmons Liver Regulator cures.

A Tempest in a Teapot.

North State,

For want of something more effectual, the Democratic editors are now writing long columns of stuff about a so-called secret political association, known by the name of Gideonites. Is it not strange that the old Kuklux Klans should betray such virtuous indignation about a secret society, at whose door no one can lay the charge of cruelty and murder of any kind, and whose existence is indeed not yet proven? Nothing will be said about the Gideonites later than November 8th, It is a good enough Morgan until after election.

Dyspopsia in all its forms is not only relieved but cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.



COMFORT = = =
AND = = = = =
CASH = = = =

You can save Cash and increase your Comfort at the same time.

HOW? = = = =

Why, buy FIVE OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS for TEN CENTS, instead of a TEN CENT CIGAR. 6

FALSEHOOD NAILED.

Bishop Hood will Vote For Harrison.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,
October 27th, 1892.

REV. MC L. MOORE,

Dear Brother:—Yours informing me that the Tarboro *Southerner* has published that I have stated that I would vote for Cleveland, is received. You are authorized to say that the statement is wholely false.

I was never more anxious for the success of the Republican party than I am now. I feel that there is more at stake than there has been at any time since 1868, and that the success of the Democratic party, with free trade, free silver and State Bank notes, would be the greatest calamity which now appears to menace the nation.

I feel outraged by the *Southerner's* publication. You will please demand retraction. Yours for truth,

J. W. HOOD.

The "national game" has not been adopted by the sporting fraternity of other nations. Can it be only a coincidence that it sticks to the land of Salvation Oil, where the effect of a hard fall or a "hot ball" can be readily healed by this great American liniment. As a cure for cuts, bruises and sprains, it has no equal. Price 25 cents.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
THE BEST MADE 25 CTS.
Sold by all dealers in medicine.

SALVATION OIL
Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.
Positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Scalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next General Assembly of North Carolina to amend the charter of the town of Elizabeth City.

MANY CITIZENS.

NOTICE.

North Carolina Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

John L. Munden and Lutie Munden petitioners, vs. Mary W. Munden, Clarence A. Munden, Charles W. Munden, Penelope F. Munden and Joshua W. Munden, respondents.

The defendants will take notice: That the above named plaintiffs or petioners have filed a petition in the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, for the partition of the lands of the late James B. Munden among his heirs at law, said to be the parties to this proceeding. And the said defendants, especially Mary W. Munden, who is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina, will take notice that they are required to appear at the Courthouse in Pasquotank County on the 17th day of November 1892 and answer the complaint or petition in this cause filed in the Superior Court, or demur to the same, otherwise the relief prayed for will be granted.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C. this the 1st, September, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN, C. S. C.

Salem Female Academy,
—SALEM, N. C.—
The Oldest Female College in the South

The 91st Annual Session begins September 1st, 1892. Register for last year 327 Special features: **the Development of Health, Character and Intellect.** Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in **Music, Art Languages, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial** studies
JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal.

A. W. HAFF,
successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Deale

In Fresh Fish, Lobster
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents

SAVE 50%

BY COOKING
YOUR FEED!

BE progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. Hundreds of farmers and stock-feeders testify to its great merits.

SAVE EXPENSE OF GRINDING
MAKES TWICE THE FAT
FEEDS DOUBLE THE STOCK,
SAVES Two Dollars every time the contents are cooked and fed out.

CIRCULARS, FULL INFORMATION AND POINTS TO STOCK-FEEDERS FREE.

Mitchell Machine Co., KENDALLVILLE, INDIANA.

P. P. P.

The PROVIDENTIAL PILE PREPARATION is sold under a positive guarantee to cure any case of Piles if our directions are followed. For sale by your druggist, or post paid on receipt of price, $1.00, and our guarantee to refund same if no cure follows our directions. References, any Bank in the United States.

Providential Pile Preparation Co.
SOUTH PITTSBURGH, TENN.

Great Western ORGAN
Handsomer Than Ever. Finest of All.
Solid Walnut, Buried Panels, Elegant Finish.
A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN with a pure singing tone. Perfect mechanism. Every part of the grand harmony of an orchestra, 10 stops, 3 octaves, 4 sets of reeds and double couplers.
NEW STYLE 21 With Stool & Instructor ONLY $80
AND WE PAY THE FREIGHT.
Phillips & Crew Co., Atlanta, Ga. ESTABLISHED 1845

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

DIFFUSIBLE TONIC
DR. ELANDER'S GRAND SPECIFIC
FOR ALL FEVERS
The Only Remedy of its Kind.
RELIEVES AT ONCE
all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.
Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and LaGrippe at once. No Bad Effects.
A Medical Record Without Parallel:
Yellow Fever, Jacksonville, Fla., 1888; Typhoid Fever, Neptune, Mich., 1888; Malarial Fever, Chills and Fever, Colds, Scarlet Fever, Measles and Influenza or LaGrippe.
The Proprietor's guarantee with $1.00 bottles.
Sold by Druggists at 50c and $1 per bottle.
Prepared by Diffusible Tonic Co., Sturgis, Mich.

DR. ELANDER'S DIFFUSIBLE TONIC GRAND SPECIFIC FOR CHILLS

TAKE AN AGENCY FOR
DAGGETT'S Self-basting ROASTING PAN
Needed in every family.
Saves 20 Per Cent. in Roasting and Makes the Best Bread in the world.

BEST UTENSIL in the universe.
Address nearest office for terms.
W. A. Daggett & Co., Vineland, N. J., Boston, Mass., Atlanta, Ga., Chicago, Ill., Salt Lake City, Utah, Oakland, Cal., Galveston, Tex.

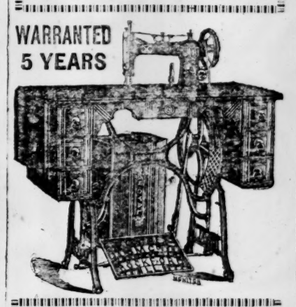
TOWER'S FISH BRAND Oil Clothing
is warranted the Best in the World!
Is more WATERPROOF,
Is STRONGER, and
will WEAR LONGER
than any other goods manufactured.
Ask for Tower's Fish Brand," take no other.
A. J. TOWER & BRO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.
Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOWLE & CO.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
Positively cures in 24 hours. Sold by all dealers. 25 Cents.
Salvation Oil Cures in 24 hours. Sold by all dealers. 25 Cents.

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE
WARRANTED 5 YEARS



Has a Large High Arm.
Has a Self-setting Needle.
Has a Self-threading Shuttle.
Has No Equal in Construction.
Has a Mechanical Appearance.
Has an Elegant Finish.
Has a Perfect Adjustment.
Has a Positive Take-up.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has More Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.
Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.
ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

DR. SALMON'S HOG CHOLERA SPECIFIC
USE Dr. SALMON'S HOG CHOLERA SPECIFIC
CHICKEN POWDER. — SHEEP POWDER.
CATTLE POWDER. — CONDITION POWDER.
PREVENT & CURE HOG CHOLERA
DESTROY & PREVENT HOG LICE & WORMS
CURE CATTLE MURRAIN, TEXAS FEVER,
CURE CHICKEN CHOLERA & GAPES,
CURE SHEEP ROT, TAPE WORMS, &c.
THE VETERINARY MEDICINE CO.
NASHVILLE, TENN.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICES.

PURE STEEL ROOFING.
Metallic Weather Boarding,
Complete Ceilings,
Corrugated Sheeting,
Roofing Paints,
Iron Roofing,
Eave Troughs, Gutters and Spouting.
All forms of Sheet Metal for Building
(COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT —AN— AGENT
In this town—an energetic workman to take order and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.
Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.
SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

DR. THACHER'S Liver and Blood SYRUP
A POWERFUL TONIC
A PURE LIVER REGULATOR
A PERFECT BLOOD PURIFIER

Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.
Price, 50c and $1.
Treatise on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.
OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

BROWN'S YEAST POWDER

NO CURE NO PAY
ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS
WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF
TETTERINE!
THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR
Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.
If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.
Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.
MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.
J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

FOR MEATS, FOWL, FISH, ETC., AND FOR BAKING BREAD, CAKES AND PUDDINGS.
BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST
THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:
MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

THREE Pozzoni's POINTS
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.
THREE Shades: White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with indigestion and water brash; indigestion; bowels lag and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fulness after eating; bad temper; biliee; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIANS OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the liver to action, and at the same time aid instead of weakening the digestive and assimilative powers."—Yours truly,

J. M. Rinson, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has Z Stamp in front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—W. C. Davis, Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood, Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Treasurer—G. D. B. Pritchard, Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Street Commissioner—S. D. Barnes. Fire Commissioners—C. E. Kramer and T. S. White.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. C. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Hinsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and C. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Banks, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—J. F. Overman Regent, C. E. Kramer Secretary, W. J. Woodley Treas., F. M. Cook Jr., Collector.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

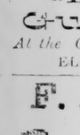
Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lisier, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Bufkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS—

G. W. Ward,
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.
Collections promptly made.
Will practice in State and Federal Courts

C. C. Pool,
Attorney-at-Law.
Real Estate a Specialty
OFFICE IN THE CAROLINIAN BUILDING,
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.

W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

NEW FURNITURE STORE
—0—0—
We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J Y Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
—D—
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices."
☞ Goods will also be sold on the installment plan,
T. B. WILSON & CO.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. Nov. 2, 1892.

☞ The first duty of every Republican next Tuesday is to VOTE!

☞ All that Republicans ask is a fair and free vote and an honest coun

☞ The card of Bishop Hood in another column, nails one of the latest Democratic lies.

☞ Look out for democratic "roorbacks" and lies on the eve of the election—circulated too late for contradiction.

☞ Pasquotank has never had a better Sheriff and Register of Deeds than T. P. Wilcox and M. B. Culpepper, and the people know it, and this is the reason why they will both be re-elected by a big majority.

☞ The ticket put in the field by the Republicans of this county is an exceptionally good one. Every man on it, from top to bottom, is worthy, is qualified and enjoys the full confidence of the people.

☞ Before another issue of the CAROLINIAN appears the great political battle will be over. It has tried to do its duty—has advocated what it most sincerely believed to be for the best intereats of the District, State and Nation.

☞ The Democratic forces started out in this State with a brave display of banners and a loud blasting of trumpets. Now they say they are going to "carry the war into Africa." That means they are after the colored vote—to bribe all they can and to cheat the balance.

☞ Mr. I. A. Pearson, of Catawba county, father of Mrs. Geo. D. Pool, of this county, died on the 25th inst. in his 76th year of age. During his occasional visits here he gave the CAROLINIAN frequent calls. He was an earnest Republican and a good man.

☞ Let every Republican be very careful from whom he receives his tickets, as it is learned that bogus ones are about to be sent to certain precincts. The Democrats are desperate and to deceive ignorant voters by wrongly printed tickets is one of the base methods they will attempt; they have done it before and they propose trying it again.

☞ The Republicans of this district have tried for many years to whip the Democratic party, but have failed. The People's party have adopted a platform opposing the disfranchisement of any man and favoring an election law that will secure honest elections—the very thing the Republicans most desire. Political wisdom as well as sound policy and self-protection suggested a fusion, and it has been adopted, and by a union of Republicans and the members of the People's party the Democrats can and will be beaten.

—BRICK FOR SALE. A large quantity of well-burned, first-class quality of Brick now ready for the market at the "Thompson Brick Works." Address, F. G. Thompson, Manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ Ex-Judge David M. Fruches, Republican candidate for Governor, and Hon. Edmond S. Blackburn, Harrison Elector-at-Large, spoke here on Monday. Judge Furches is recognized by all parties as an able lawyer and a gentleman of the highest character. Though not an orator, he makes a clear, logical and effective speech, and a most favorable impression. He was followed by Mr. Blackburn, who is an orator and, though only twenty-five years of age, he showed that he had that in him that will ere long rank him among the foremost speakers in the State. He is magnetic, fervid, humorous and eloquent. His speech was decidedly very much the best made here by any party in this campaign.

☞ Nobody cares a "rotten egg" what the limping, owl-eyed old fossil who disgraces journalism here believes, thinks or says. A few may have some feelings of pity for his infirmities and frailities, but those who really know him despise his selfishness, meanness and dishonesty. A failure in all that he has undertaken—as teacher, lawyer, farmer, politician and editor—he is utterly without influence in the community and has even forfeited the respect of the better men of his party; they neither trust him nor read his scurrilous paper. In short, he has gravitated from a perch "on a log lazily bobbing for eels" on the banks of old Newbegun, down, down to purveying decayed hen fruit; and there, a despicable object, he now is! The following is a pen picture of him by a member of his own party:

"A man of his type, one whose friendships in life are only cool and deliberate calculations of loss and gain; who cowers and cringes, like a craven, before those whose power he fears, or whose gold he worships, but who ruthlessly gives the fatal stab to the defenseless ones; a man whose monitor and guide is expediency, and whose God is the dollar; a lick spittle and blackguard; in fine who prefers the low and coarse ribaldry of the stench-ladened fishmarket, to the intelligent reasoning of decent journalism, is unworthy of further notice, *and one cannot even by an extra effort elevate him to the plane of his own contempt,*"

☞ Properly planned work never need be rushed.

—What is the name of the yard wide Bleach Cottons Fowler & Co. sells at 8c. Have you seen it?

☞ This will be remembered as the Columbus and Harrison year.

—IF ROBINSON & Co. can't sell you, who can? They are headquarters on groceries and hardware.

☞ The wail of the democratic politician is heard throughout the land.

—IF YOU don't buy your goods until you can beat Robinson & Co's. prices, you are in for a life-long wait.

☞ Money should be simply a medium of exchange, not an article of speculation.

☞ The star-eyed goddess of Harmony isn't occupying a prominent seat in the Democratic wigwam.

☞ Unless you have a special reason for leaving, stick to the farm and be a man.

☞ A reasonable man sometimes changes his opinions, but a mule never does,

☞ Let every Republican support Bill-Buck Gatling for Congress. His election will be a Bourbon defeat.

☞ The usual last resort of the Democrats is *lying*, and they are doing it now, both on the stump and in their papers.

Grist Mill Machinery for Sale: Two run of Mill Stones and other machinery in good running order for sale cheap. Apply to Union Lumber Company,

☞ The most forceful thing about the democratic "force bill" is the democratic attempt to force men to stick to the democratic party, whether they desire to do so or not.

☞ The expectations of a few men in the District and State were not realized as Republicans, so they have gone a-fortune hunting in the democratic party.

☞ "Rotten egg" Dick is much hurt because he isn't getting any of the democratic "boodle" floating around in the District. They say it would be cash wasted. They know him,

☞ Simmer it down, and it is found the Democrats are again making a campaign of PROMISES only. And they have the hardy cheek to ask a deceived and cheated people to give them "another chance!"

☞ The appearance of a gentleman this week in Currituck, Camden and other counties, who makes one branch of Democratic politics a special business at election times, is again significant. It happens the parties receiving the "boodle" are known, and their actions will be watched.

☞ On Tuesday next the votes will be polled. Let every Republican see to it everywhere that every Republican ballot is cast. With a full Republican vote and an honest count the election will be settled as it ought to be.

☞ THE CAROLINIAN advises every Republican in the First Senatorial district to vote for Theophilus White and John F. Newsom for Senators. Their election will redeem the district from Bourbon domination.

—TO THE LADIES: Fowler & Co's black ribbed seamless hose 7 to 8½ and their 10c black ribbed hose, 6 to 8½, and their black ribbed hose for ladies at 10c per pair, are the best value in the United States for the money. Those who cannot call and examine them, may order by mail, and if you are not pleased the money will be refunded.

☞ The CAROLINIAN is in favor of Protection because the democratic policy of Free Trade would close up thousands of Factories and force the laborers to idleness unless they would accept European wages or engage in agriculture. Free trade means to the farmers decreased markets and increased surplus, fewer customers and more competitors, while to the laborer it means lower wages.

☞ For some inscrutable, but allwise and sufficient reason, the Creator of the universe, who alone knoweth its mysteries, sent into the most beautiful of its seasons the querulous mosquito and the incessant fly, and after the same manner, and, perhaps, with a like purpose, into the noblest of its professions, the liar, with a bad heart, and the idiot with a lead pencil. What a paradise the world would be but for its insects! What a blessing journalism would be but for its vermin!

☞ Messrs. Furches and Blackburn brought cheering news from the West. They say that the Republicans are united, active and aggressive and that the People's party is also strong and at work. From what they have learned during their canvass they both feel confident that the Republicans and People's party will control the legislature and that the Republican Electors and State ticket will be elected.

☞ While, under the partisan and unfair election law, the Republican poll-keepers will be in a hopeless minority, they still have important duties to perform and they will be called upon to exercise the utmost vigilance in order to prevent the commission of great frauds at the ballot box. It has always been known that, at election times, the Democrats would stand a good deal of watching; this year there is need of it more than ever.

☞ The "fusion" with the People's party was no "sell out" of the colored people, but it was made to insure for them what they most desire, a *free vote and fair count*, in every county, and especially in the counties where there were too few white Republicans to stand up and aid them in enforcing their rights at the ballot box. The People's party will now see to it that every man's vote is *counted as cast.*

☞ From every part of the district comes encouraging reports. The Democratic attempt to disorganize the colored forces by their infamous lies in regard to Congressman and Senators has failed. They too well understand the tactics of their political enemy—that of deception, falsehood and fraud—to be influenced by any story they tell them. "To beat the Democrats" is their watchword and the masses of them are solidly falling in line.

The causes which produce cold are contemmeuse with the confines of the world. The abound everywhere No land is so favored as to be exempt from the conditions which produce them. Therefore, Dr, Bull's Cough Syrup, the infallible remedy for all such ailments, should be kept all over the world in every human dwelling. It is so comforting to know that you will have it handy when the emergency shall arise.

LOCAL MENTION

"Tote fair" next Tuesday.—A large crawd of our people attended the Edenton Fair on Thursday.—Spanish mackerel and blue fish from the coast are appearing.—A man who would cheat a citizen out of his vote would steal the foundation stones of heaven if he could get at them.—

Old "rotten egg" Dick is mad as old Nick,
His "brass-knuckle" campaign boomerranged;
His paper they stopped, and patronage dropped,
And the greetings he got were "you be hanged,"

—At the convention of the People's party here on Thursday the Republi- representative and county ticket was endorsed.—Mr. Thomas Albertson, now engaged in the drug business at Seattle, Washington, is here on a visit to his parents.—Bishop J. W. Hood delivered an able sermon at the A. M. E. Zion Church on Friday night. He is a very able man. The CAROLINIAN acknowledges a call.—"Know thyself" is good advice, but "know about your neighbors" is the general practice.—The prating of "rotten egg" Dick of unsavory "Sumner mare" boodle fame about honesty don't pass muster in this community.—The new shingle factory here is now in full operation and is making first-class shingles.—A commodious and comfortable Opera House is now one of the special needs of Elizabeth City.—No man was ever saved for what he had done inside a church.—

She came in and sat on the piano stool,
And smiled in the winsomest way,
While he sat and talked to her, poor silly fool,
But never once asked to her play.

—To see "rotten egg" old Dick down on his knees begging the men whom he went for with "mailed hand" and "brass-knuckles" to forgive, forget and "please do come back." is enough to cause the old mare, if still alive, to grin!—The electric lights are now in charge of our young townsman Reubin Davis. He is a worthy young man, has made the business a study and has had experience both here and at Norfolk. We congratulate him on his promotion.—The Democrats hereabout are making a horrible howl about "negro domination," and yet they are trying their level best to get negro votes.—There is not a man or woman who revisits Elizabeth City after the lapse of a few years who is not impressed by the improvements and wonderful progress in every part of the town.—Judge Furches, Republican candidate for Governor, who spoke on Mouday, spent the Sabbath here. Fourteen years ago he held the courts of this district. He expressed astonishment at the wonderful growth of our city.—Now that the political campaign is over the CAROLINIAN will resume its more special attention to the advancement of the local material interests of the town and surrounding section.—What a spectable it is to see men proudly boasting that their's is the "white man's party" resorting to all sorts of means to induce "niggers," as they contemptuously calli them, to join it.—Our friend Willoughby C. Simons has abandoned the dray and embarked in the grocery trade. His store is in one of Zimmerman's buildings on lower Fearing treet. Success to him.—The steamer Thomas Newton, having broken a wheel, is on Pailin's Ways for repairs.—Hon. T. G. Skinner and J. Q. A. Wood esq., of Hertford, were in the city yesterday.—Remember, Dr. Blackwell lectures at the Court House to-night.—Both of the Banks here will be closed on election day.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise—a purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters; Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c and $1 per bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drug store.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

FRANK LESLIE'S Popular Monthly for November contains a notable article entitled "Cholera via the Transcaspia Railroad," wrieten and illvstrated by Valerian Gribayedoff. It traces the the progress of the deadly epidemic from its outbreak in the hotbeds of Central Asia, westward along the line of Annenkoff's great desert railroad to the Caspian Sea and European Russia, thence throughout all Europe. This number of Frank Leslie's is unusually interesting and seasonable throughout, containing amongst other illustrated articles: "In Literary Chicago," by Eve H. Brodlique, with portraits of Eugene Field, Joseph Kirkland, Slason Thompson, George P. Upton, Mary Hartwell Catherwood and others; "Half a Century Since," a paper of New York reminiscences, by George C. Hurlbut; "Personal Recolections of Sir Richard F. Burton," by A. L. Rawson; "Glorious Grouse Shooting," by Ellangowan.

IMPORTANT.

Parties holding policies of the GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE CO., of New York, will please deliver them to M. B. Culpepper at once.

R. B. HALL, Special Agent

Oct. 11, 1892.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION OF BUFFALO CITY MILLS (*Limited.*)

Notice is hereby given that on October 14th, 1892, articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Dare County, North Carolina, for a mining and manufacturing corporation known as the "Buffalo City Mills, Limited." The business proposed to be conducted by the corporation is the purchase and sale of real estate and of growing timber; the manufacturing of lumber, shingles and all forms of wood; building tramways, railways, canals, telegraghs &c.; conducting generally timber and lumber business; cutting, manufacturing and preparing for market juniper, cypress, pine and all woods; cultivating the lands of the company for agricultural purposes; stock-raising; mining for fertilizing materials, &c.; operating fisheries; planting and working oyster beds; conducting a mercantile business in the counties of Dare, Pasquotank, Tyrrell, Hyde and elsewhere in North Carolina and maintaining agencies in other States, etc. Corporators: William P. Kamps, John W. Wheelock, Thomas G. Lovegrove and others. Capital stock $100,000; shares $100 each.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County.

JOHN W. EVANS, Clerk Superior Court of Dare. Oct. 17th 1892.

—Engle's gallery will be supplied with good help during the great rush on Fair week. Mr. Viggo Lund, who made such fine work here one year ago, will have charge of the Gallery when I am away.

JNO. F. ENGLE.

CONSUMPTIOURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bonchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.

Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4 yl. 1yr. New York.

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

because the higher they [illegible] ciety the weaker they find themselves [illegible]odily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills [illegible] womankind successfully. If you [illegible]ist has not got it he will order it [illegible] for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken
,16-1yr

- PATENTS. -

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OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

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C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Wahington, D. C

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

—*TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.*—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 11.55 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven; connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M, for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina
CANAL COMPANY.
S. W. GARY, Superintendant.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
S E E S I G N B I G W A T C H,
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C
19 Years Experience at Bench

Neuralgic Persons
And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking
Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

Highest Market Price Paid for
COTTON SEED.
Carload Lots taken from any Point in Eastern North Carolina or Virginia.
BAGS FURNISHED.
COTTON SEED MEAL,
COTTON SEED HULLS
For Sale or Exchange for Seed.
FARMER'S OIL MILLS,
Tarboro, N C
Mills at Shiloh on Tar River. For Prices and Terms write to E. V. ZOELLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

WE POINT WITH PRIDE!

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh new novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want, have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY.

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

There is no Sleight of Hand

by means of which we have been able to keep the prices and class of goods we are doing. I managed by the way the public patronize us

FOUR THINGS AT ONCE

are possible if they work together. In order simply drawn by four horses—four good sound horses—instead of one wretched screw or a matched pair. And as we understand thoroughly how to drive the team they

Make It

possible for us to make good time along the road of trade. The four corner-stones of our house are

Best Goods, Honest Dealing,
Low Prices, Large Stock

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement Plastering Hair, Shingles, &c &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N C

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G MORRISETT

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO A[illegible] AT FACTORY [illegible]

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Nevertheless this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continue increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy, and will be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, One one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Wares and Stationery.

☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very

If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

P. W. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

MRS. HARRISON AT REST.

The President's Wife Expires After Her Long Illness.

A Sketch of Her Life and Personal Characteristics.

MRS. BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Mrs. Caroline Lavinia Harrison was "pretty Carrie Scott," second of the three daughters of John Witherspoon Scott, a pioneer Presbyterian minister. She was born in 1833, in Oxford, Ohio, where her father was then President of a college for young women. Mrs. Harrison was thoroughly educated at this school. She was a favorite in the simple, but cultivated, society gathered around the institutions of learning for which the town was then famous.

At Miami University, in Oxford, Benjamin Harrison was a student, only a few months older than the charming girl who subsequently became his wife. It was purely a love match. After leaving the University, young Harrison studied law in Cincinnati, returning to Oxford for his bride as soon as those studies were completed. They were married on October 20, 1853. The honeymoon was passed at the residence of the groom's parents, North Bend, Ohio.

The future President had only a capital of $200, given him by his father. The young couple lived in a boarding house for several months, until their income warranted the renting of a home. They had moved to Indianapolis in March, 1854. Russell Harrison, their eldest child, was born in the summer following. The young wife and mother was bravely and hopefully struggling to assist her husband.

During the war, while her husband was at the front, Mrs. Harrison, though remaining at home, was still his constant helpmate.

After the war, with General Harrison's professional and political advancement, their home became a social center. Mrs. Harrison was prominent in charity and church work. She painted in oil and water colors, and directed personally the thorough education of her children. In 1881, upon joining the circle of Senators' wives in Washington, Mrs. Harrison made her mark immediately.

As wife of the President her social duties of last winter were unusually severe, and when spring came her health was failing rapidly. During Lent there were so many visitors that she set aside certain afternoons in each week for reception purposes. On several of these occasions she was unable to be present in person. The last reception was held on the 6th of April. Mrs. Harrison received in person. The doors and windows of the Blue Parlor were thrown open, for the day was warm. That night Mrs. Harrison coughed continually, and her suffering was obvious. This was the beginning of her last illness.

She has steadily grown worse until, when she was finally carried from Loon Lake back to the White House a month ago, a fatal termination of her illness was only a matter of days and hours.

Her name is identified prominently with dozens of charitable enterprises in Indianapolis, Washington and elsewhere. She was one of the first directors of the Garfield Hospital, and was prime mover in the organization known as Daughters of the Revolution, of which she became the official head.

Mrs. Harrison had only two children—Russell Harrison and Mary Scott Harrison, the latter now Mrs. W. R. McKee, of Indianapolis.

Mrs. Harrison was never what is called a "dressy" woman. She never originated a fashion. Black was her favorite color Last Election Day she wore one of her usual house dresses. For evening and party dresses she deferred largely to fashion, but never adopted extremes. In the matter of jewelry she was particularly modest. On State occasions she wore a small bar of diamonds at her throat. Her earrings were of black pearls, and her only ring was a wedding ring.

Each detail of the management of the White House was familiar to her and came under her personal supervision. Three mornings in each week she personally visited the markets and selected her own provisions. On formal occasions she took notining for granted, but inspected all preparations herself. Her servants were fond of their mistress and were seldom changed.

MRS. HARRISON'S FUNERAL.

The Obsequies of the President's Wife Simple and Impressive.

The funeral services over the body of Mrs. Harrison were conducted in the East Room of the White House at Washington at 10 o'clock in the morning in the presence of the family, immediate friends and a number of notable persons. Rev. Drs. Hamlin and Bartlett officiated and the services lasted about three-quarters of an hour. The services were beautiful and impressive, but simple.

Inside the house all of the doors connecting the halls and adjoining rooms with the East Room were thrown open. Near the centre of the East Room was placed the coffin. The room was nearly filled with chairs and sofas. There was a profusion of flowers and plants.

Some time before the hour set for the beginning of the services the personal friends of the family began to arrive and were shown to seats by the ushers, Commander Cowles and Lieutenant Cowper of the United States Navy, Lieutenant D. L. Fry of the Army, and S. D. Miller, son of the Attorney-General. The first row of seats at the foot of the coffin was occupied by the family, the next by the most intimate friends, and the remainder by the employes and servants of the house. The first row on the north side was assigned to the Cabinet and Private Secretary Halford, the second to the Supreme Court, and the remaining rows to other friends, without specification. Just before ten o'clock Mr. Blaine entered, accompanied by Mrs. Blaine and his daughter Harriet, and the ex-Secretary was seated beside General Proctor. Most of the members of the Diplomatic Corps were also among the early arrivals. In the green room adjoining and opening into the East Room were stationed the boys of the choir of St. John's Episcopal Church and the precentor and organist.

At 10 o'clock the honorary pall-bearers entered the East Room and were seated. They walked slowly in the following order: Vice-President Morton and Secretary J. W. Foster, Secretary Elkins and Attorney-General Miller, Postmaster-General Wanamaker and Secretary Tracy, and Secretary Noble and Secretary Rusk. The household followed soon afterwards. The President escorted Mrs. McKee, his only daughter; his son, Russell, and his wife came next, followed by the Rev. Dr. Scott, Mrs. Harrison's father, with Mrs. Dimmick, and the other relatives and members of the household after them. The Rev. Dr. Hamlin repeated a few passages from the Scriptures, beginning "In My Father's house are many mansions," and including several verses from the Psalms, and closed with the Lord's Prayer. The Rev. Dr. Bartlett, of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, who was formerly Mrs. Harrison's pastor at Indianapolis, read a number of passages from the Old and New Testaments, and the Psalms. The choral selections of the service were "I heard the voice of Jesussay," and "Lead, kindly light."

At the conclusion of the services, presided by the two officiating clergymen and the honorary pallbearers, the coffin was borne out of the doorway of the White House, and as it came into view the throngs on Pennsylvania avenue opposite the mansion stood with uncovered heads. The funeral procession was formed behind the hearse, and moved down Pennsylvania avenue on the way to the station. Nearly all the business buildings had raised the National colors to half-mast. About 20,00 persons had congregated at the station, but perfect order was preserved by a squad of police. The special funeral train started from the station at 11:40 o'clock for Indianapolis.

THE LABOR WORLD.

TROUBLE is feared among striking coal miners and glass workers in France.

THE wages of the Chicago Seamen's Union have been raised from $2.50 to $3 a day.

THERE are said to be fewer suicides among miners than among any other class of workmen

ENGLAND had 270 strikes during the last ten months, most of them for a reduction of the hours of labor.

SOCIALISTS in Berlin, Germany, are trying to secure control of the omnibus and tramway employes

JOHN KINSELLA, a locomotive engineer, was nominated for Assembly at Goshen, N. Y., by the Democrats.

DRIVERS on English street cars begin at a little over a dollar a day and conductors at seventy-five cents a day.

LABOR organizations are to make a strong protest against the Pennsylvania Railroad's attitude against the unions.

THE cabinet makers of Cincinnati, Ohio, have reduced their hours from ten to nine per day in several large factories.

THE Philadelphia letter carriers demand a reduction of working hours. Their local union has a membership of about four hundred.

MORE women and children are employed in the hat-making industry of Germany than men, the latter's number being 4773, while 4900 women and 255 children work at the trade.

BY adopting the referendum system the Brotherhood of Machinery Moulders is now enabled to amend its constitution and elect officers without holding expensive annual conventions.

THE demand for skilled labor in the paperhangers, electric wire men, steamfitters, roofers and other trades is very brisk, and there is not an idle man in New York City who is a good workman and belongs to a union.

AT the Llanelly (Wales) copper works employers deduct one cent per week for coffins intended for the workmen, but before the relatives of a dead man can get the coffin they have to pay about one dollar for trimmings.

THE operators in the employment of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraphic service have demanded an increase of wages on a graduated scale—for train dispatchers an increase of twenty dollars a month; copy operators, fifteen dollars, and station operators, ten dollars.

THE stagnation in the shipbuilding trade on the Clyde, in Scotland, is apparently most serious. The North British Daily Mail estimates that there are at present between Glasgow and Greenock over 15,000 men out of work, every one of them willing to accept any occupation that might offer although skilled workmen at their trades.

FATAL COLLAPSE.

A Bridge Gives Way and the Workmen Fall Sixty Feet.

An appalling accident occurred to a gang of workmen who were doing some construction work on the line of the Great Northern Railroad in Washington, resulting in the death of seven of the men, the fatal injury of five more, and the serious injury of six others.

The men were employed by Shepard, Sims & Co. and had finished the track to the Wenatchee River. They then started to lay rails across the stream. The east approach and the first span were crossed safely, when the middle of the second span was reached the false work under the bridge collapsed, and the track machine, together with two car loads of ties and timber and several cars loaded with rails, fell to the river, sixty feet below. The workmen were thrown in every direction, and some of them were buried under ties and rails. The water in the river was about three feet deep and ran through a solid rock channel. Conductor John Leonard, of St. Paul, was standing at the end of his train when the accident occurred. His body was afterward found with a heavy rail lying across his head and another across his feet holding him under water

The accident was due to the undermining of the false work of the bridge by the water. That part of the road on which it occurred is still under the control of the contractors and has not yet been accepted by the railroad company

No intimation of the catastrophe was given to the unfortunate men. All were busy with their respective duties when the bridge shook, tottered and finally collapsed entirely, dashing them against the solid rock below. Six flat cars and an engine were on the bridge at the time The engine was uncoupled, luckily for some of the injured, because the horror of roasting to death would have been added to the distressing accident. The temporary structure was supported by piles driven in the gravel, and in such a way that each span depended on the other, hence both spans are now a mass of broken timber at the bottom of the gully.

A FATAL BOMB.

Seven Persons Killed at a Fireworks Exhibition.

At a pyrotechnic display, concluding the Columbus celebration at Los Angeles, Cal., in the presence of 10,000 persons, an explosion occurred which killed seven people and seriously wounded eight or ten more. A man named Wilson contracted to fire a salute of twenty-one guns. The "guns" were gas pipes two feet long and five inches in diameter. Wilson has been arrested. It is thought he did not use ordinary powder in loading the "guns."

Judge Blodgett has resigned as United States Judge for the Northern District of Illinois.

President Harrison received letters of condolence from Queen Victoria, Pope Leo, Ex-President Cleveland, Governor Flower and many other distinguished persons.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Rules for the Opening and Closing of the Exhibition.

The general rules governing the conduct of the World's Fair have been issued. The gates will be open to employes at 6 a. m., and the public at 8 a. m. They will be closed at 7 p. m., unless in case of some special exhibition or event, when they will close not later than 11 p. m. Admission will be in all cases fifty cents a person, except in that of children under six years accompanied by a parent or guardian. These will be admitted free.

A limited amount of power will be furnished gratuitously to exhibitors, but where a large amount of power is required a charge will be made. The management will exert reasonable care in the protection of exhibits, but will not be responsible for any loss or damage. No nostrums whose ingredients are concealed will be accepted for exhibition. Catalogues will be printed in English, French and Spanish, and will be published by the Fair management exclusively.

THE railway construction in the United States during the first nine months of 1892 was 2519 miles, while there is yet 1500 miles in sight to be built this year.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

CHARLES BURKHALTER & Co., wholesale grocers, of New York City, have failed, with liabilities of over $700,000.

OLIVER CURTIS PERRY, the Utica (N. Y.) train robber, cut through the partition of his cell in Auburn Prison and escaped, but he was recaptured within the walls after only eight hours of liberty.

A MADMAN in Springfield, Mass., seized a pulpit in a Congregational Church and with a revolver held the police and congregation at bay for three hours.

THE Boston League Club has won the baseball championship of the world by defeating the Cleveland team for the fifth time at Boston, Mass. The final contest was won by the superior batting and sharp fielding of the Boston players Their opponents did not win a game in the series.

GOVERNOR FLOWER, Senator David B. Hill, Colonel Tallaferro, General Sickles and Amos J. Cummings addressed a ratification meeting of Democrats in Tammany Hall, New York City. Overflow meetings were held in the streets.

HUMMELSTOWN, Penn., has been almost destroyed by fire. Some fine residences, owned by Harrisburg people, were burned.

South and West.

THE Republicans and People's Party have agreed upon a fusion in Louisiana.

SEVEN colored men were drowned while crossing Elliott's Ferry, twelve miles south of Marshall, Texas. The rope broke in mid stream and they were thrown into the river.

SEVERAL renegade Apaches, under the leadership of the notorious Kid, have murdered two cowboys on Eagle Creek, near Morencio, Arizona.

DENNIS F. HANKS, the early tutor of Abraham Lincoln, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Nancy Shoaff, in Paris, Ill., aged ninety-three years, four months and six days. Mr. Hanks was born near Hodgingsville, Hardin County, Ky., May 15, 1799.

AT least 150 mounted men approached Dalton, Ga., from all directions, and threw out a picket line. At a signal the circle closed in, capturing the policeman, and rode to the cabins of two colored men. Jack Wilson was killed by a bullet and his wife badly beaten, and Tom Moye was severely pounded.

THE Tolliver-Howard-Martin feud in Western Kentucky has broken out again. A general fight occurred at Hogtown, Rowan County, between the two factions. Colonel Tolliver was shot in the breast and instantly killed. Wylie Tolliver and Sam Howard were fatally wounded.

THE Episcopal General Convention in Baltimore, Md., adjourned sine die; the Rev. Dr. W. R. Thomas was elected Missionary Bishop of Northern Michigan.

AT El Paso, Texas, the United States Grand Jury returned indictments against Collector of Customs Webster Flanagan and Special Deputy Collector W. Finn for assisting Chinese to enter the United States unlawfully.

Washington.

UNITED STATES MINISTER TO VENEZUELA SCRUGGS has formally recognized General Crespo's Government.

THE President received the following dispatch from Secretary of State Foster, dated Chicago: "By the direction of the German Emperor, the Charge d'Affaires express to you, this, the 21st day of October, devoted to the universal celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, his Imperial Majesty's most sincere congratulations and wishes for the welfare of the country. I have conveyed to the Charge your deep appreciation of the imperial message this morning."

JAMES G. BLAINE arrived in Washington from New York and went directly to his residence on Madison place. The ex-Secretary was accompanied by Mrs. Blaine and his daughter, Miss Harriet Blaine.

JAMES G. BLAINE now tips the scales at 163 pounds.

JUSTICE LAMAR, of the United States Supreme Court, is almost a chronic invalid.

THE Earl of Dunraven, it is announced, will be the next challenger for the American cup.

REV. DR. HOFFMAN, who owns the Hoffman House, New York City, is the richest clergyman in the world.

KAISER WILLIAM, of Germany, is only thirty-two years old, though already the father of seven children.

PRESIDENT MCLEOD insists that every letter received at the Reading Railroad office shall be answered on the day of its arrival.

MISS LOUISE IMOGEN GUINEY has been voted $100 by the aldermen of Boston for a poem in commemoration of General William T. Sherman.

QUEEN REGENT CHRISTINA, of Spain has consented to stand as godmother of the daughter born a short time ago to the Imperial House of Germany.

DEWITTE, the newly appointed Russian Minister of Finance, was fifteen years ago a mere village station master on the railroad line from Kieff to Odessa.

THE Czar of Russia has recently found time to become interested in the game of cricket, and has organized two elevens among the young men of his court.

JULES VERNE, the French novelist, so far from being an athlete, as he has been called, is a cripple and limps sadly. This is the result of a shot from the revolver of an insane nephew.

A TOUCHING feature of the Tennyson funeral, in Westminster Abbey, London, was the many floral tributes from the lowly, showing the popular esteem in which the dead poet was held.

BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, says Senator Hill, of New York, is the only public speaker he knows "who is impatient to begin his speech—who can look his audience squarely in the face at the very start and open without embarrassment."

CAID MACLEAN, the present Commander-in-Chief of the Moorish army, is an Englishman, and was formerly a subaltern in the Sixty-ninth regiment of the British army, which he left some years ago to take service under the Emperor of Morocco.

MISS ROSE L'OUVERTURE, a granddaughter and the only living descendant of the great Haytian soldier, lives in the village of Soirac, France. She is sixty-nine years old and dependent upon an annual pension of $310 paid her by the Government.

LORD HERSCHELL, the new Lord Chancellor of Great Britain, and incumbent of that office under Gladstone's last administration before this, is not directly descended from the great astronomers who bore that name, but is of the same family. The Herschells are of German origin.

PRINCES VICTORIA, of Hawaii, will visit the United States and the World's Fair in 1893, returning to Honolulu in time to celebrate her eighteenth birthday, October 10, when she will become eligible to assume the duties of her position as heir apparent to the throne of Hawaii."

STATE HOUSES DEDICATED.

Six Commonwealths Open Their World's Fair Buildings.

Impressive Ceremonies Attended the Formal Consecrations.

Six States, including New York, Massachusetts and Ohio, took advantage of the presence of their leading officials in Chicago to dedicate their pavilions in the World's Fair grounds.

The State buildings, although, as a rule, far from finished now, will form one of the most interesting features of the great exposition. They occupy an area second only to that of the big Fair buildings, and scattered among them are the structures put up by many foreign countries.

By far the handsomest State building, as well as the largest, is that of New York. It contains a columned hall, fifty-six by eighty feet, vestibules, banquet rooms, kitchens, bedrooms and all the appointments of a club house. The purpose of the State buildings in the Fair grounds is to afford hospitable retreats, for it is expected that visitors will soon tire of the endless array of stupendous edifices and exhibits.

Chief among the numerous dedications was that of the New York Building. No other State surpassed her in the number and character of distinguished persons participating in the exercises, and the building itself proved to be one of the finest pavilions on the grounds. A large assemblage was present, the invited guests alone numbering 900. After music and prayer the exercises began with the formal assignment of the building to exposition uses by Chauncey M. Depew, as President of the Board of Managers of the Exhibit of the State of New York. Then came the acceptance of the building by Director-General Davis, and addresses by Governor Flower and Archbishop Corrigan. The dedication poem by William H. McElroy and music by Sousa's Marine Band brought the dedication exercises to a close.

The Massachusetts pavilion was formally delivered over in the morning to Governor Russell by E. C. Hovey, representing the State Commission, and the Governor in a short speech returned the building to Mr. Hovey as the Executive Commissioner. The exercises were made as brief as practicable, as everybody was anxious to attend the New York dedication.

Iowans mustered strongly at their building in the forenoon. President Crosby turned the edifice over to Governor Boies, who dedicated it in a few graceful words to the Exposition, Director-General Davis responding. Mrs. Lucia Gale Barber recited a commemorative ode and E. P. Leeds delivered an address.

Over three hundred Rhode Islanders saw Commissioner Sims hand the keys of their State building over to Governor Brown, who passed them to Executive Commissioner Wyman, all three making pertinent speeches.

The Kansas dedication was thoroughly enthusiastic. The famous Mo Ioc Club, which was heard at the Centennial Exposition, sang an ode, "Hail! Happy Kansas." A. J. Feit, School Superintendent Winans, Commissioner of Agriculture Mohler, J. D. Cox, Mrs. Lewis Hanbach, Mrs. Robert D. Mitchell and Judge Alfred H. White made speeches.

Ohio made elaborate preparations for her dedication. The whole State Legislature, all the State officers, the Ohio Historical Society and 2000 of the State troops were present. Speeches were made by Governor McKinley, Senator Sherman, Senator Brice and Captain W. W. Peabody, President of the Board of State Managers.

ATLANTA is to have an elevated railroad. It will run from the Georgia Railroad to the Central and West Point Roads, traversing the southern portion of the city, and enabling those roads to transfer all freight and passenger cars without crossing the surface of a single street.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

44	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$2 30	@	$2 35
Medium, 1891, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Pea, 1891, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Red kidney, 1891, choice	2 50	@	2 60
Red kidney, poor to fair	1 75	@	2 40
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 05	@	2 10
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	—	@	1 75
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn, extra	28	@	29
St. & Penn., firsts	23	@	27
Western, firsts	25	@	27
Western, seconds	22	@	24
Western, thirds	20	@	21
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	25	@	26
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	22	@	24
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	20	@	21
Welsh tubs, extras	25	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	22	@	24
Welsh tubs, 2ds	20	@	21
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	21	@	25
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	17	@	19
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	—	@	—
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	16	@	16½
W. Factory, seconds	15½	@	—
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	14½	@	15
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	10¾	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	10¼	@	10⅝
Full cream, good to prime	9¾	@	9¾
Part skims, choice	6½	@	7
Part skims, good to prime	5	@	6½
Part skims, common	3	@	3½
Full skims	1	@	2
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh	24	@	25
Western—Fresh, fancy	—	@	23
Fresh, prime	22½	@	22
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—Red sorts, bbl	2 50	@	3 50
Green sorts, per bbl	2 00	@	2 75
Sweet varieties, per bbl	—	@	—
Pears, Bartlett, per bush	2 00	@	4 00
Seckel, per bbl	5 00	@	7 00
Common cooking, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Grapes, Del. river, Del., 5 lb.	14	@	20
Up river, Niagara, 5 lb.	11	@	18
Up river, Concord, 5 lb.	10	@	12
Peaches, Jersey, extra, basket	—	@	—
Poor to fair	—	@	—
Plums, up river, per crate	—	@	—
State, 10 lb basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl.	3 00	@	7 00
	HOPS.		
State—1892, fair to choice	21	@	25
1891, prime	23	@	24
1891, common to good	18	@	22
Old odds	5	@	9
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	10½	@	11
Western, per lb	9½	@	10
Spring Chickens, local, lb	9½	@	10½
Southern per lb	9½	@	—
Roosters, old, per lb	6	@	6½
Turkeys, per lb	—	@	—
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	60	@	85
Southern, per pair	—	@	—
Geese, Western, per pair	1 37	@	1 62
Southern, per pair	—	@	—
Pigeons, per pair	30	@	40
	DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys—Young, per lb	12	@	15
Old mixed weights	12	@	14
Toms, fair to prime	—	@	—
Chickens—Phila., per lb	18	@	17
L. I. broilers	—	@	—
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	—	@	—
Western, per lb	9½	@	10½
Ducks—Western, per lb	9	@	13
Eastern, per lb	16	@	17
Spring, L. I., per lb	17	@	18
Geese—Spring Eastern, per lb	18	@	—
Squabs—Dark, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Light, per doz	3 25	@	3 50
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—State, per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, prime, per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, inferior, per bbl	1 50	@	1 62
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Cabbage, L. I., per 100	4 00	@	6 00
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Eastern, red, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
State, per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Squash—Marrow, per barrel	1 00	@	—
Cucumbers, pickles, per 100	—	@	—
Long Island, per 1000	—	@	—
Tomatoes, per crate	60	@	75
Lima beans, fair to prime, bag	1 50	@	3 00
Egg plant, Jersey, per bbl	—	@	—
Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
South Jersey, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Celery, near by, doz. bunches	75	@	1 00
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 25	@	4 35
Patents	4 50	@	4 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	77	@	78½
Rye—State	58	@	60
Barley—Two-rowed State	60	@	65
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	—	@	50½
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	39
Mixed Western	—	@	—
Hay—Good to Choice	60	@	75
Straw—Long Rye	50	@	65
Lard—City Steam	—	@	8 40
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, City dressed	5½	@	9
Milch Cows, com. to good	30 00	@	50 00
Calves, City dressed	9	@	12
Sheep, per 100 lbs	3 00	@	4 75
Lambs, per lb	5	@	6½
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	5 85	@	6 20
Dressed	6½	@	9

FIVE HUNDRED Swedes were made American citizens in a bunch at Rockford, Ill., the other day. Headed by a band and the Stars and Stripes, and each wearing a small American flag on his breast, they marched through the streets to the Court House, where they took out their naturalization papers.

SEVEN WERE KILLED.

Fatal Collision on the Reading Near Philadelphia.

The Shamokin express, on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, which is due in Philadelphia, Penn., at 9:30 p. m., ran into a train of empty coal cars, a short distance north of West Manayunk Tunnel, about eight miles north of the city, at a few minutes past 9 o'clock in the morning Seven persons were killed outright, nine teen injured persons were taken to St. Timothy's Hospital at Roxborough and several others were treated at other places.

The Shamokin express left Pottsville, Penn., at 7 o'clock. At Phoenixville orders dated Reading were received to run on the northbound track from West Conshohocken to Wyndmoor Falls, a distance of only a few miles, regardless of all other trains, which was done. The train was composed of five cars, including a Pullman parlor car. The southbound track was blocked with freight cars, and to this fact is primarily due the catastrophe. Train No. 598 of empty coal cars started north from West Manayunk on the northern track shortly before 9 o'clock.

The two trains came together right on a curve at two minutes past 9 o'clock with a terrible crash. The express was comfortably filled with passengers. The engines liberally ploughed their way through each other, and rolled over on their sides in one conglomerate mass of shattered machinery. The greatest force of the collision occurred between the smoking-car and the passenger coach next to it. The smoker telescoped its way into the other coach fully one-half its length, and how any one who was in either car escaped death is a mystery

The baggage car caught fire and was soon burned up. The next two cars kept the track, although they telescoped together and were almost completely demolished. Except for scratches and bruises, the passengers in the last two cars all escaped unhurt.

As the engines approached each other, the engineer, Billig, the conductor, Gerlacher, and the fireman, Gallagher, of the coal train, all jumped and escaped with injuries.

Conductor Hamilton at once collected a staff of helpers and soon had the dead and wounded out of the wreck. The injured were quickly taken away, and soon a row of seven dead bodies were laid out on the side of the road, battered and torn almost beyond the hope of recognition.

Word was sent immediately in several directions for medical aid, and in a short time a staff of physicians were on hand looking after the injured who could not be immediately removed in the ambulance. As soon as the wounded had all been attended to they were removed in ambulances; those who could go home or come to the city going to trains, and the others to adjacent hospitals. The dead were taken to the city police station at Manayunk.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE potato crop is not up to the standard.

KANSAS is having another plague of grasshoppers.

THERE are 500 charitable organizations in New York City.

HOPS in Washington have been injured by tent caterpillars.

STAMFORD, Conn., has just celebrated her 250th anniversary.

REPORTS make it appear that good comb honey will be scarce.

THE fruit crop of Southern California is estimated this year at $6,500,000.

A METEOR shattered a windmill near Blackpoint, Col., a few days ago.

THE car famine continues in the West owing to the immense grain crop.

THERE have been 17,982 cases of cholera in Hamburg, Germany, with 7503 deaths.

A NEW hymnal has been adopted by the Episcopal General Convention at Baltimore, Md.

FIGURES from Europe indicate the grain yield about fifteen per cent. better than last year.

THE first discovery of a comet by photography has been made at Lick Observatory, in California.

SOME of the new ships of the United States Navy are to have three smokestacks, each 100 feet high.

AN epizootic of madness has seized large herds of cattle in Gaines Township Iowa, and many have died.

THE tax collector of New York City took in $3,000,000 in two hours and a half on the first day for payment.

THE storage battery system is to be adopted on the Second avenue street railroad, New York City.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WANAMAKER has forbade postmasters to furnish names and addresses to advertisers.

THE United States cruiser Boston has been ordered to remain at Honolulu until the Hawaiian trouble is settled.

NEW YORK'S Board of Estimates figures out that it will cost $40,000,000 to carry on the city government in 1893.

GOLD has been found near Frankenberg, in Hesse, Prussia, near the old gold mines which were in operation a thousand years ago.

WORK on the United States cruiser New York has been delayed by the failure of the Carnegie Company, Homestead, Penn., to deliver the eighteen-inch armor for her barbettes.

AMERICAN interests in the Gilbert Islands are suffering since the raising of the British flag. Gilbert Islanders are systematically deceived and sold into practical slavery in South America.

THE total clearings of the sixty-one cities which have clearing houses for the nine months ending September 30 foot up $45,489,413,531, an increase of $4,100,412,370 as compared with the corresponding period of 1891.

THE cost of the Columbian celebration in New York is now being counted up. Estimates place the expanse at between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000. It is estimated that the bunting and decorations for Columbus week cost $2,000,000.

A Frost Brigade.

Near Colmar, in Alsace, Germany, an experiment of an unusual kind was successfully made a few months ago. The town is surrounded by vineyards, and for several seasons past the young vines have suffered severely from frost. This year the vine-dressers formed a union to protect themselves against their enemy—an enemy which it might appear impossible to combat. The frosts most dreaded are those which come after the vines have begun to grow, when a cold dew, congealing upon the delicate young shoots, may inflict irreparable injury.

The Colmar vine-growers learned that by producing in the vineyards artificial fog of a certain degree of density, the condensation of dew and its transformation into the fatal hoar frost could be prevented.

Mist or fog may be produced artificially in several ways, and after having decided upon the one that would be the most convenient, they organized themselves into a body, pledged to hasten to the rescue of the vines at a given signal.

Each man knew his post, and one was appointed to act as sentinel every night. His watch began at sunset. He noted the least change in the weather, and at the first sign of approaching frost hastened to a certain church and gave the alarm by ringing the bells, as for fire.

The chosen band immediately hurried into their clothes, rushed to their appointed positions and passed the night in mist and darkness, raising mysterious clouds and coiling vapors, like so many modern magicians. Their labors sometimes lasted until an hour after sunrise. They preserved their organization and kept their watchmen posted until the last of May. They feel assured that the harvest of the coming autumn will prove them to have gained a substantial victory over their silent and elusive antagonist, and expect henceforth to renew the fight with every year. Hoar frost is no longer to be permitted in the vineyards of Colmar.—Yankee Blade.

Something New in Shears.

It is not often that an apparently useful innovation in the art of scissor or shear manufacture is heard of and doubters for that reason we have become apt to consider these indispensable adjuncts to civilization as probably unimprovable instruments. In a new kind of shears which has been brought on the market by an ingenious mechanician, the cutting blades are connected by a capsule, in which a simple lever movement on the closing of the instrument, causes the one blade to be drawn under by the other. The lower cheek then acts as a support, and the upper cheek as a knife, which severs the object on the support. Compared with the orthodox scissors a much greater efficiency is claimed for the new form of shears.—Iron.

Lord Braxfield admitted the abilities of a criminal who was undoubtedly an accomplished murderer, for the judge said: "Y're a clever chiel, but y'll be nane the waur of a hanging, my man."

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists 75c.

WHO SUFFERS with his liver, constipation, bilious ills, poor blood or dizziness—take Beecham's Pills. Of druggists. 25 cents.

It Makes a Difference

Whether you dose a patient with a quack nostrum or a legitimate, scientific preparation. One ruins the constitution, the other builds it up. Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure for all acute attacks to throat and lungs *is a distinguished scientific preparation*, and is a sure cure. Sold by druggists. 50c. Address A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

The youngest member of the British House of Commons is twenty-two years of age; its oldest is on the shady side of ninety.

To Young Wives.

It is unnecessary for any married lady to be appointed bachelor has said that some time after marriage a man's wife ceases to be supremely attractive to him. Never was a greater libel. Beauty preserved and grace retained can never lose their charm nor yield their empire. The preservation of our bodies in their original healthy perfection and comeliness is a sacred duty. Every young mother who will faithfully carry out the directions given with each bottle of "Mother's Friend" will never lose figure or complexion. The dainty bud will mature into the blooming rose, and old age will find her blessing the day she first used "Mother's Friend." Bradfield Reg. Co., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all druggists.

Have You Asthma?

Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., will mail a trial package of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure *free* to any sufferer. Gives instant relief in worst cases, and cures where others fail. Name this paper and send address.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

Plain, common sense fifty-page treatise on origin, causes, varieties, prompt relief and almost infallible cure, sent for 6c. nickel. No stamps. Write to Dr. N. BEARLES, New Haven, Conn.

AGENTS Male or Female—can make liberal income by handling our specialties. Send 10c. for samples and full particulars. MAYNARD, Box 2758, New York.

Wonderful

Milton A. Kunkel.

Jacob A. Kunkel, a reliable farmer of Mount Royal, York Co., Pa., says that a running sore broke out on the leg of his nephew, Milton A. Kunkel, when he was 5 years old. He could not walk. Two years ago they began giving him *Hood's Sarsaparilla* and in a short time the sore healed up, he regained perfect health, and he is now, at 13 years, lively and rugged. Mr. Kunkel says: "We all consider his cure *little short of a miracle.*"

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation by restoring action of the alimentary canal.

"German Syrup"

Two bottles of German Syrup cured me of Hemorrhage of the Lungs when other remedies failed. I am a married man and, thirty-six years of age, and live with my wife and two little girls at Durham, Mo. I have stated this brief and plain so that all may understand. My case was a bad one, and I shall be glad to tell anyone about it who will write me. PHILIP L. SCHENCK, P. O. Box 45, April 25, 1890. No man could ask a more honorable, business-like statement.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

The Great Liver & Stomach Remedy

For the Cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

Price 25c. per box. Sold by all Druggists.

DYSPEPSIA.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint.